

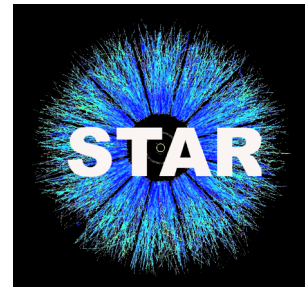
Cold-QCD Physics of the STAR Forward Upgrade

James L. Drachenberg
for the STAR Collaboration



OUTLINE

- Open questions
- STAR Forward upgrade
- A few examples
- Summary



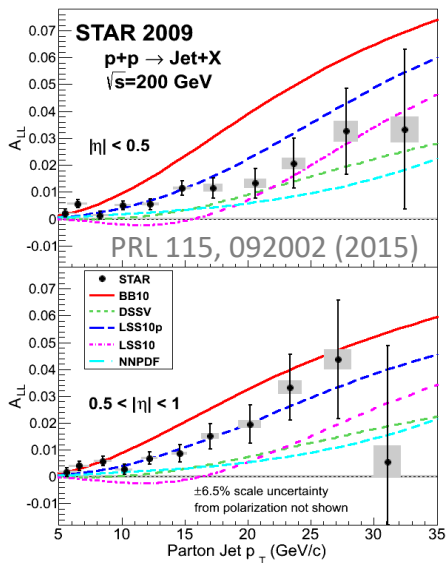
Open Questions in Cold QCD

The last decades in nuclear/particle physics have seen tremendous successes

Open Questions in Cold QCD

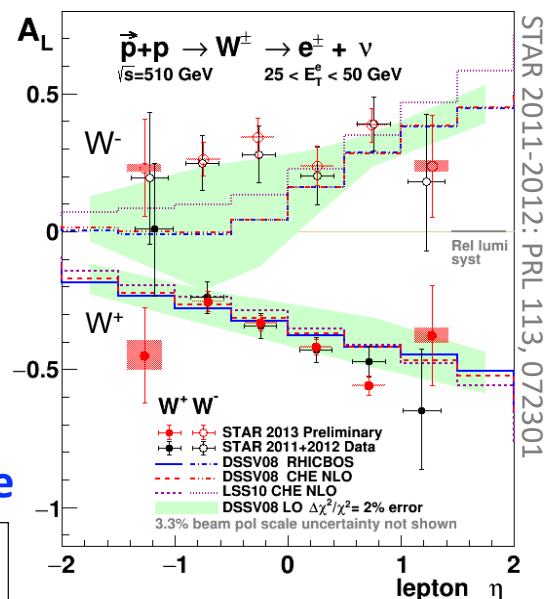
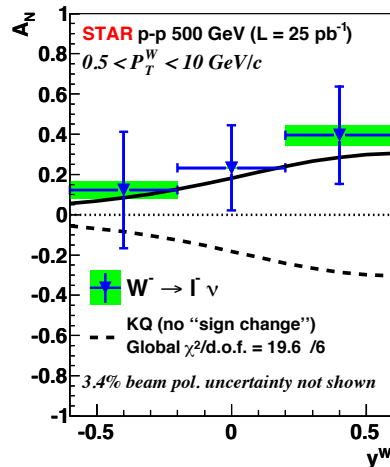
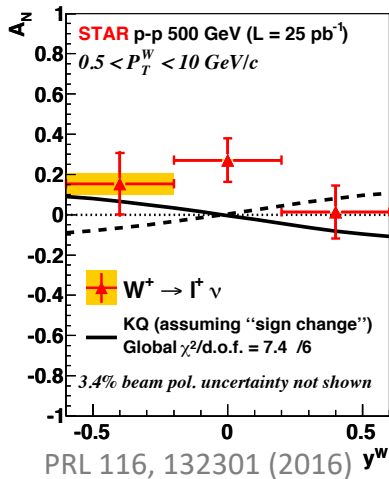
The last decades in nuclear/particle physics have seen tremendous successes

- STAR results have played a leading role, including in the realm of cold QCD



First evidence of polarized gluons

Worldwide first hint of Sivers sign change



Positive flavor asymmetry in the polarized sea

Open Questions in Cold QCD

The last decades in nuclear/particle physics have seen tremendous successes

- STAR results have played a leading role, including in the realm of cold QCD

A few of the many fascinating questions that remain...

- How are the sea quarks and gluons, and their spins, distributed in space and momentum inside the nucleon? How do the nucleon properties emerge from them and their interactions?
- How do color-charged quarks and gluons, and colorless jets, interact with a nuclear medium? How do the confined hadronic states emerge from these quarks and gluons? How do the quark-gluon interactions create nuclear binding?
- How does a dense nuclear environment affect the quarks and gluons, their correlations, and their interactions? What happens to the gluon density in nuclei? Does it saturate at high energy, giving rise to a gluonic matter with universal properties in all nuclei, even the proton?

<https://drupal.star.bnl.gov/STAR/starnotes/public/sn0648>

pp/pA Physics in 2020+

RHIC Cold QCD physics after BES-II at Mid- & Forward Rapidities:

The RHIC Cold QCD Plan for 2017 to 2023: A Portal to the EIC (*arXiv:1602.03922*)

- Critical to the mission of the RHIC physics program
- **Fully realize** the scientific promise of the EIC

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- *Upgrades consist of **HCal** + **ECal** + **Tracking** in range of $2.5 < \eta < 4.5$*

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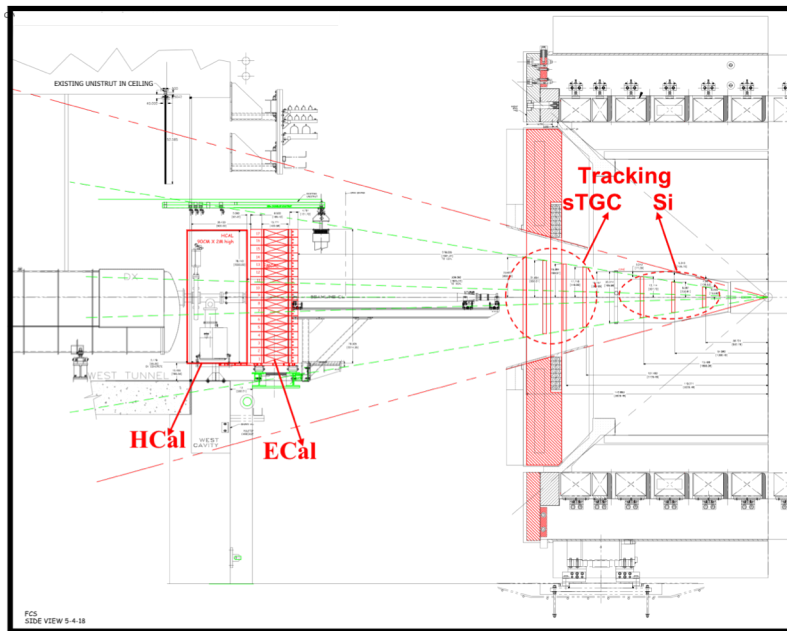
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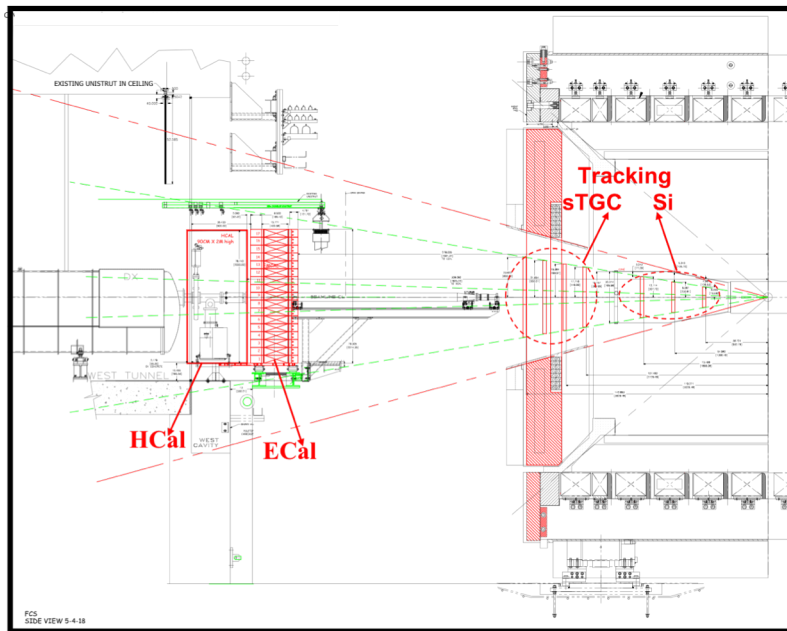
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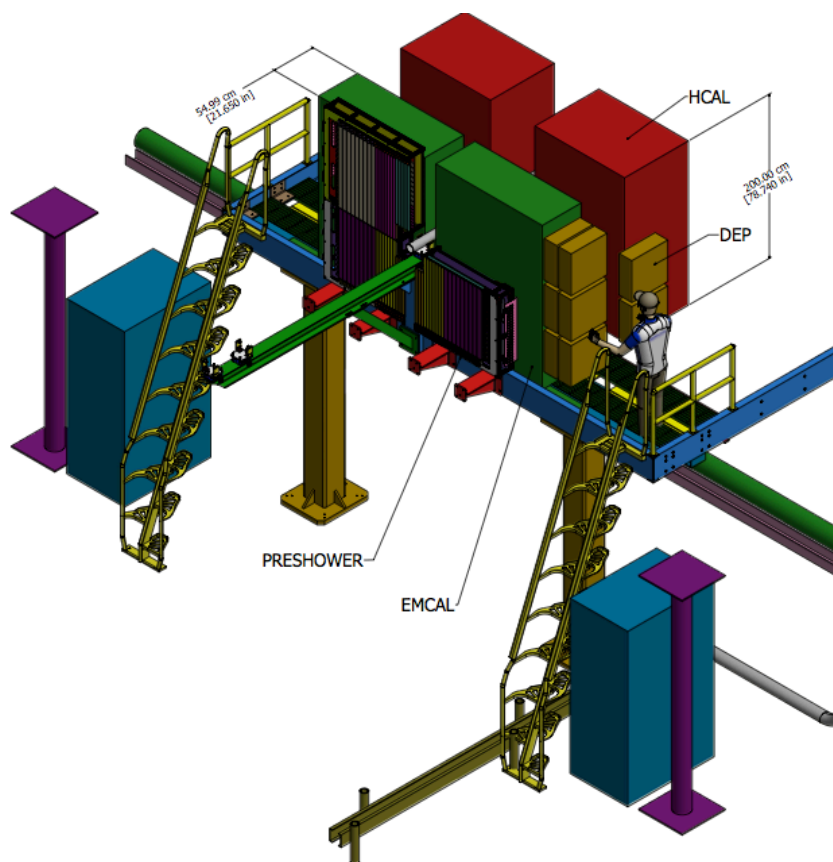
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Strong endorsement by RHIC PAC:

- As the physics program that is foreseen for forward physics is substantial, **full utilization of future polarized proton beam time must be made to realize the proposed forward physics program.**
- RHIC management is encouraged to **find a way to enhance and include a forward physics program at RHIC.**

The STAR Forward Upgrade: Calorimetry



Performance Needs

ECal: $\sim 10\%/\sqrt{E}$ (pp/pA) and $\sim 20\%/\sqrt{E}$ (AA)
reuse PHENIX PbSC calorimeter with new readout

- **Benefit:** significant cost reduction!
- **Tradeoff:** uncompensated calorimeter system

HCal: $\sim 60\%/\sqrt{E}$ (pp/pA)

- Sandwich iron-scintillator plate sampling cal.
- Same readout for both calorimeters

Cost:

ECal: \$0.57M

HCal: \$1.53M

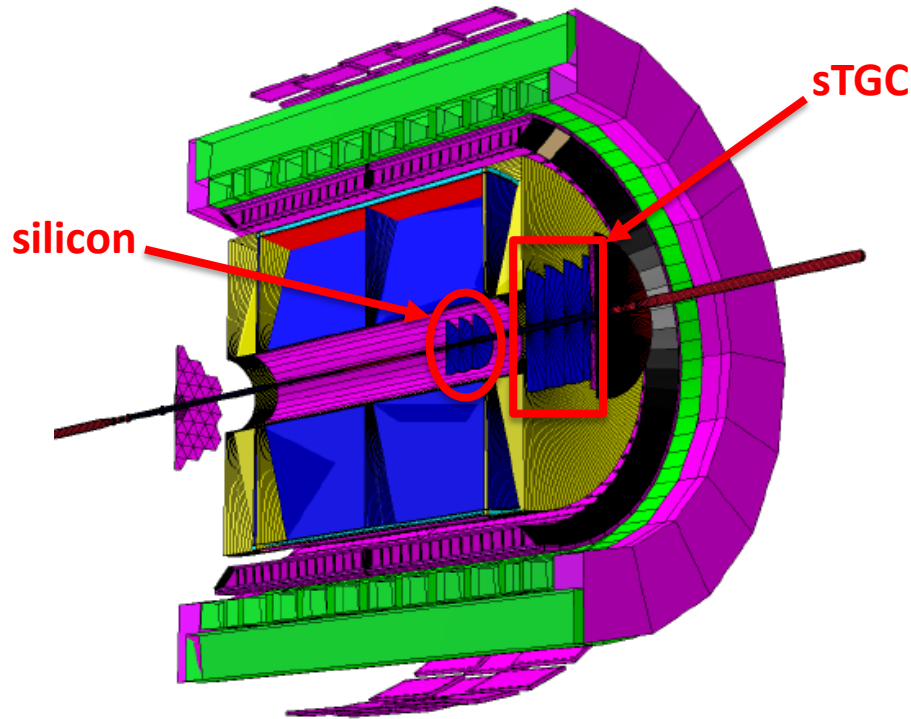
Preshower: \$0.06M

Total: \$2.2M*

**includes contingency and manpower*

Intensive R&D on both calorimeters as part of STAR and EIC Detector R&D, including FNAL test beam and STAR in situ tests

The STAR Forward Upgrade: Tracking

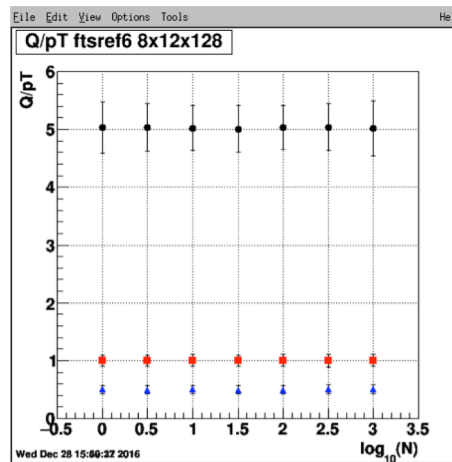
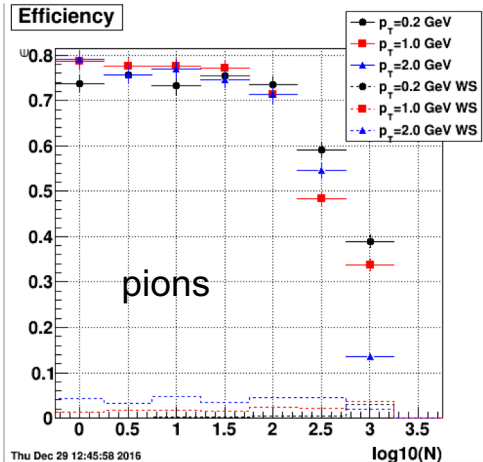


3 Si discs + 4 Small-strip Thin Gap Chambers

Location from interaction point:

Si: 90, 140, 187 cm

sTGC: 270, 300, 330, 360 cm
(outside Magnet)



Performance Needs:

Momentum resolution:

20-30% for $0.2 < p_T < 2$ GeV/c

Tracking efficiency:

80% at 100 tracks/event

Cost: \$3.3 M

Forward Rapidity Physics: Transversity

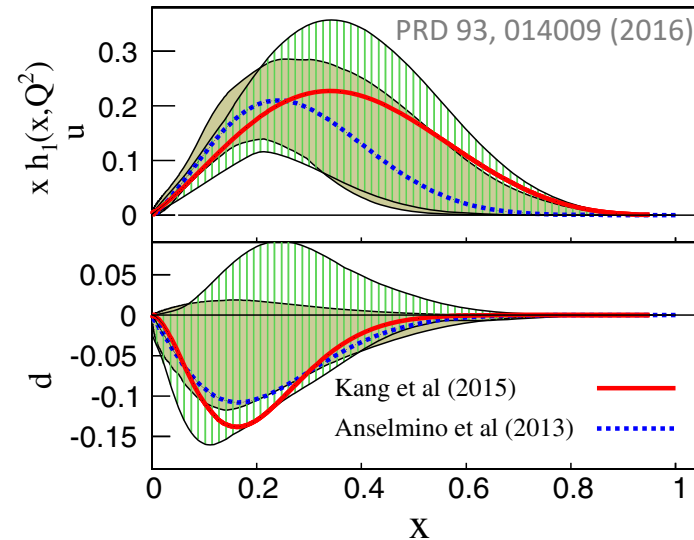
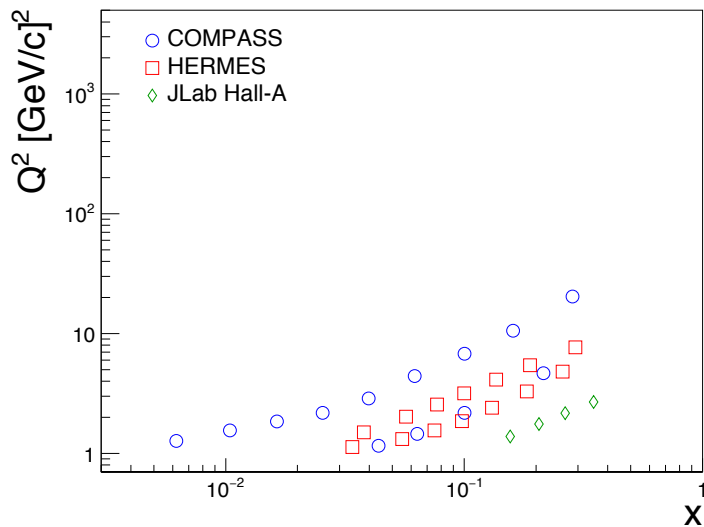
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- Unpolarized PDF
- Helicity PDF
- Transversity – helicity odd \rightarrow requires another chiral-odd distribution

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 - Global analyses access in SIDIS + e^+e^- , e.g. via “Collins” or IFF asymmetries
 - Currently a limited reach in (x, Q^2)



Anselmino et al: PRD 87, 094019 (2013)

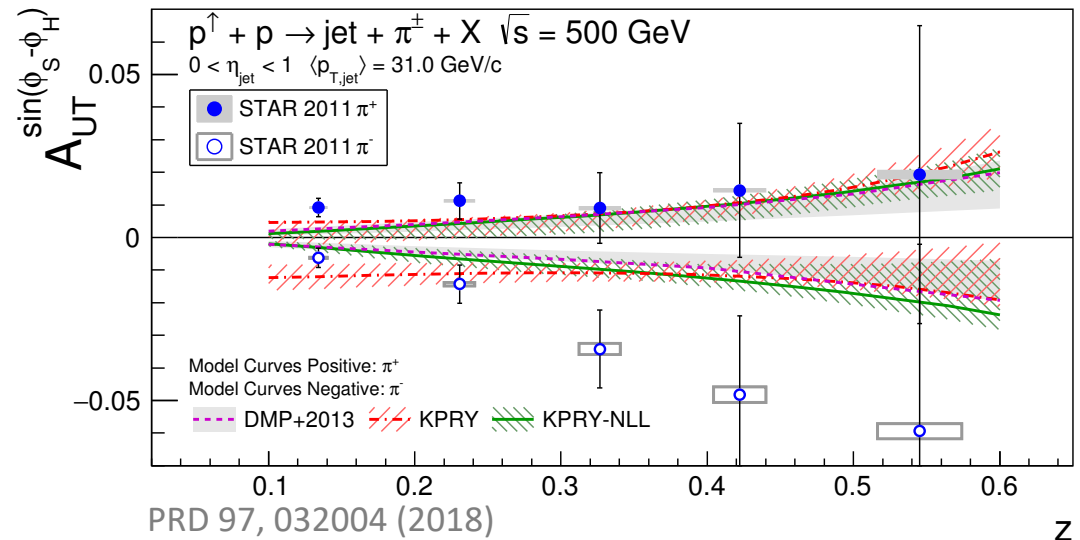
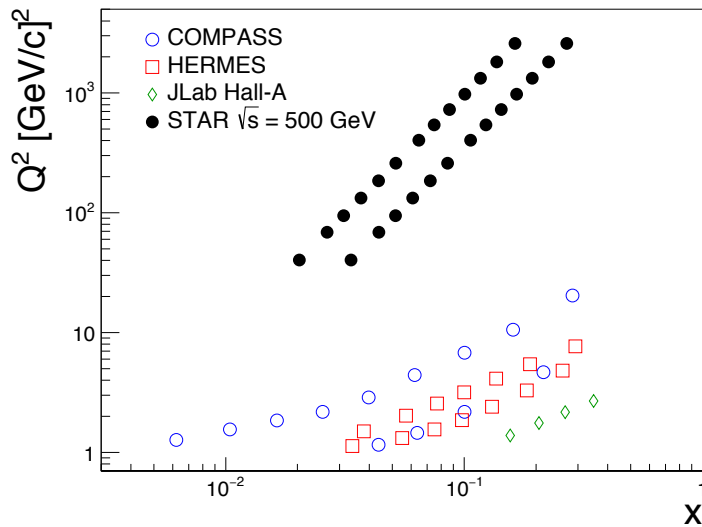
Kang et al: PRD 93, 014009 (2016)

Radici et al: JHEP 05, 123 (2015)

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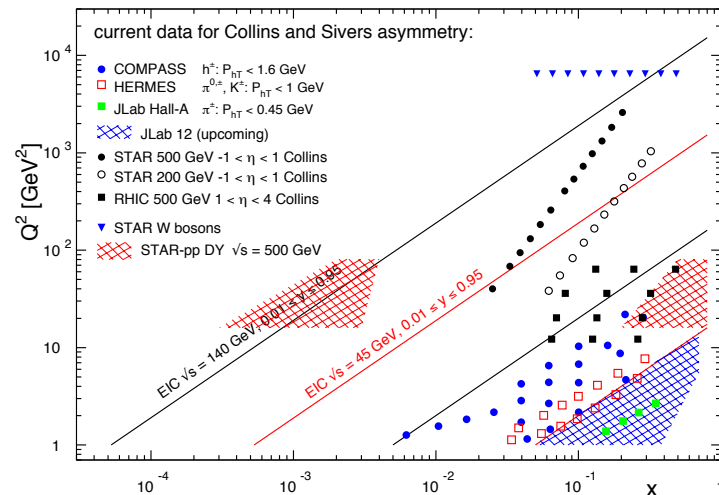
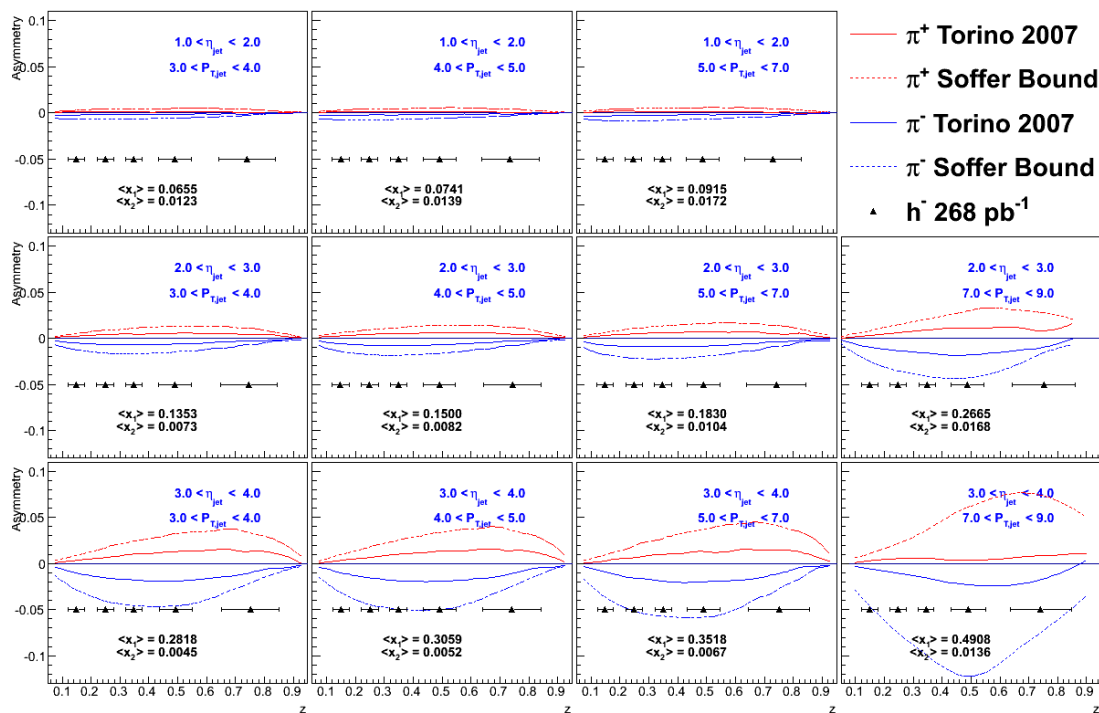
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Collins effect, now observed in pp and largely consistent with SIDIS+ e^+e^-

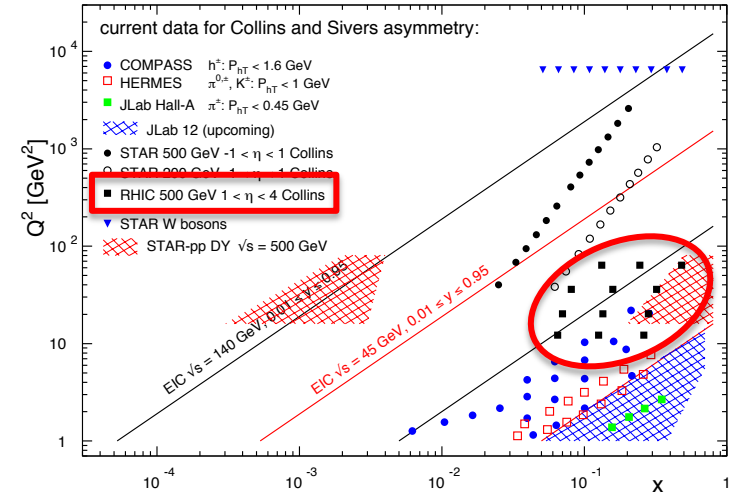
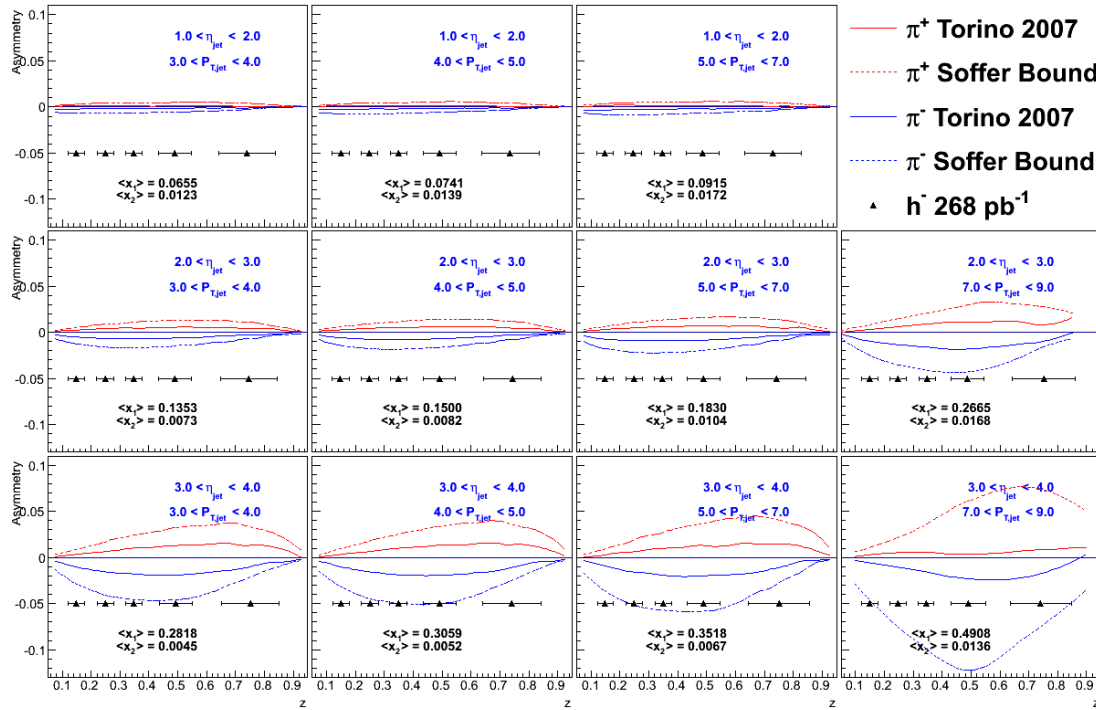
- Tests of TMD factorization and universality
- Sample wider kinematic space \rightarrow insight into TMD evolution

Forward Rapidity Physics: Transversity



Utilize $p + p \rightarrow \text{jet}(h^\pm)$, as at midrapidity

Forward Rapidity Physics: Transversity



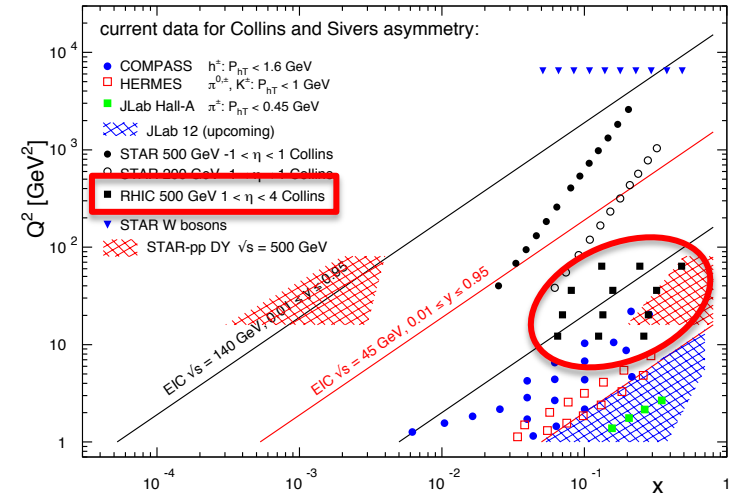
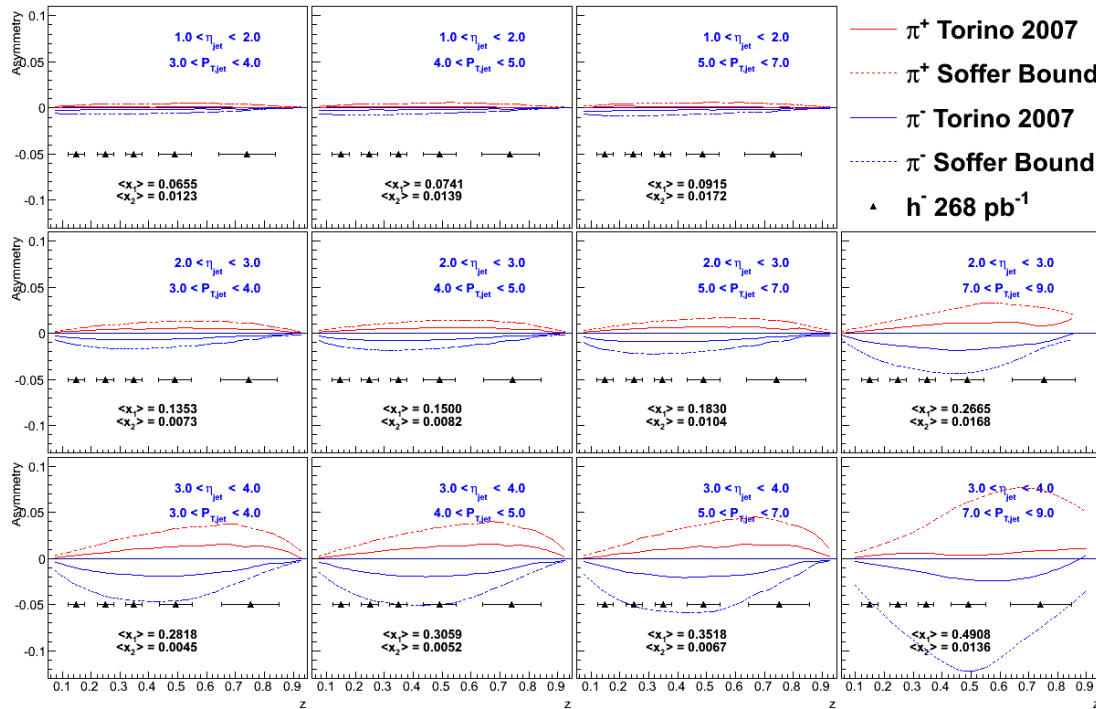
Utilize $p + p \rightarrow \text{jet}(h^\pm)$, as at midrapidity

Pushing forward = higher x :

- $0.05 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.5$
- $10 \lesssim Q^2 \lesssim 100 \text{ GeV}^2$

500 GeV
 $1 < \eta < 4$

Forward Rapidity Physics: Transversity



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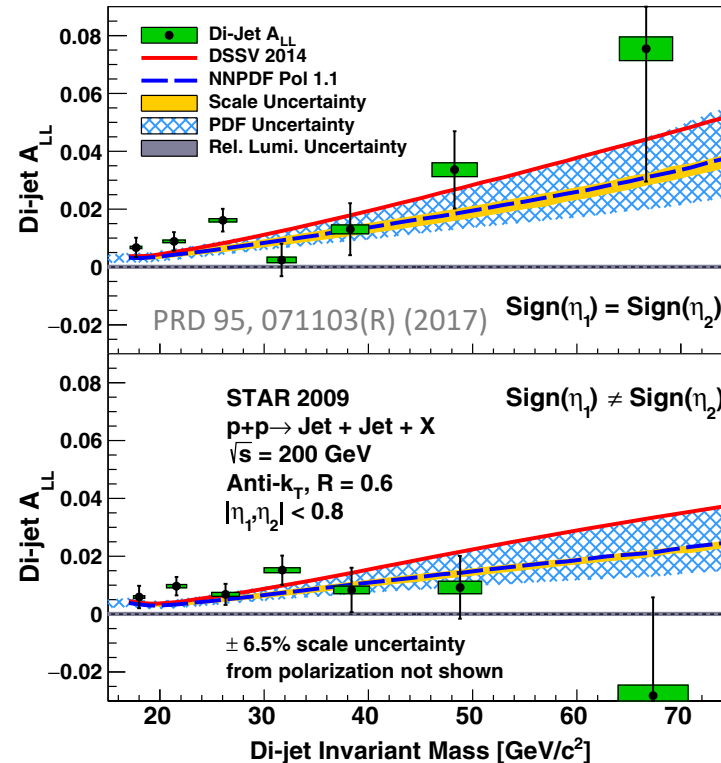
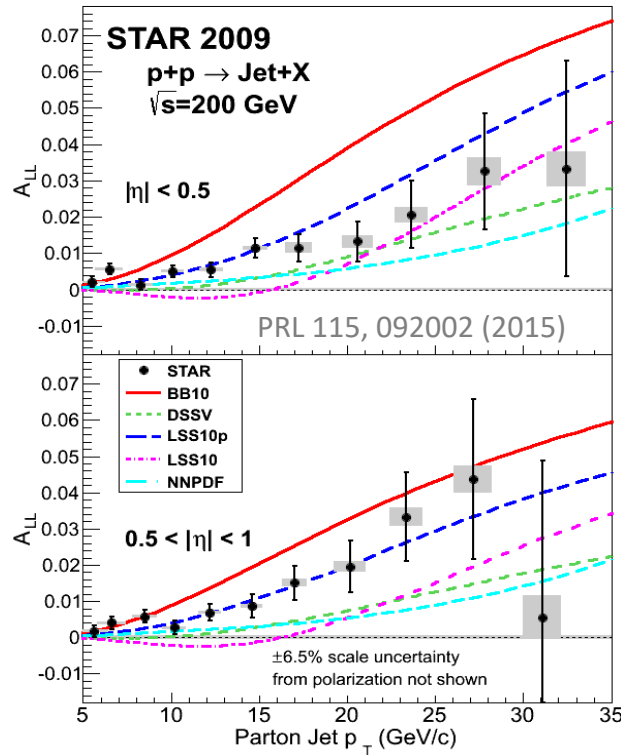
- $0.05 \lesssim x \lesssim 0.5$
- $10 \lesssim Q^2 \lesssim 100 \text{ GeV}^2$

Understanding transversity enables constraints of tensor charge

$$\delta q^a = \int_0^1 [\delta q^a(x) - \delta \bar{q}^a(x)] dx$$

500 GeV
 $1 < \eta < 4$

Forward Rapidity Physics: Gluon Helicity



RHIC data through 2009:

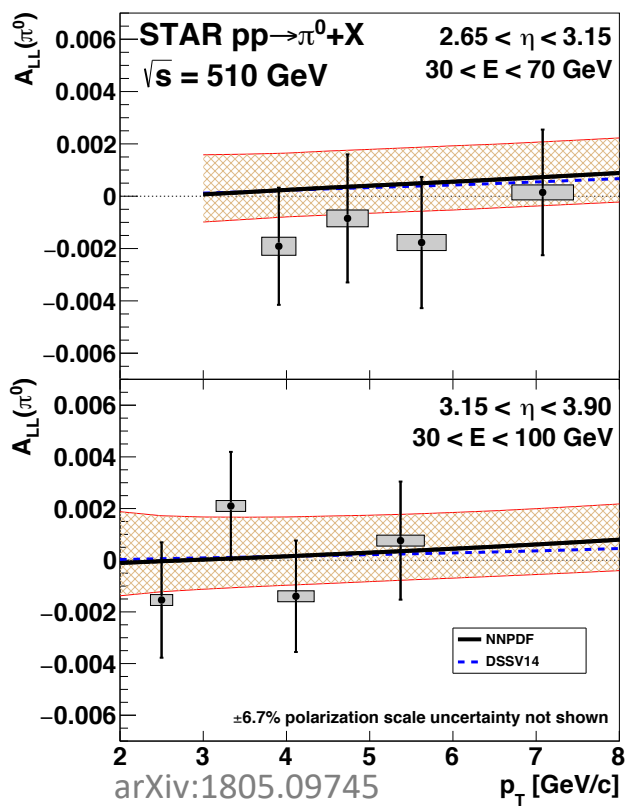
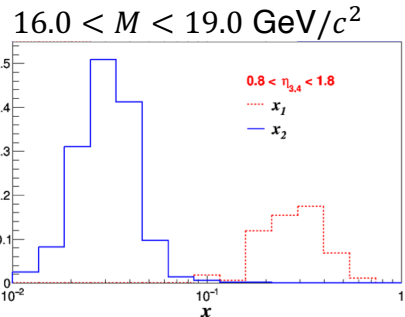
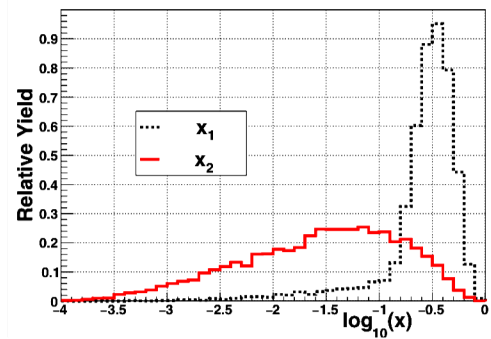
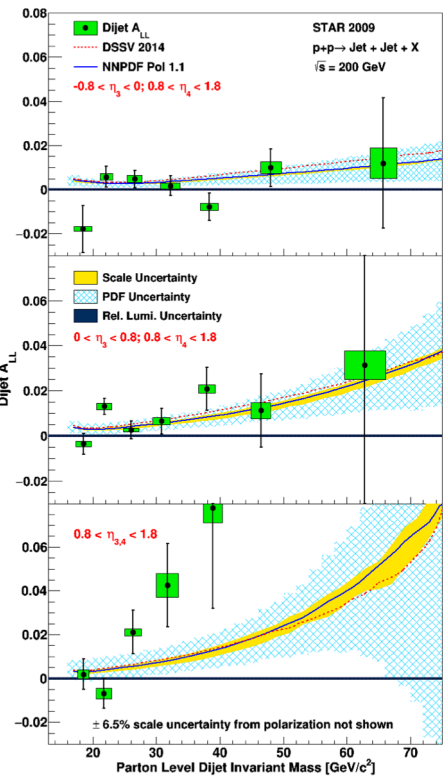
$$\int_{0.05}^1 \Delta g(x) dx = 0.23 \pm 0.06 \text{ (NNPDF)}$$

$$\int_{0.05}^1 \Delta g(x) dx = 0.20^{+0.06}_{-0.07} \text{ (DSSV)}$$

Recent data will improve uncertainties further...

Forward Rapidity Physics: Gluon Helicity

arXiv:1805.09742



arXiv:1805.09745

Add'l Results:

- Mid- η (di)jets at 500 GeV
- Intermed.- η dijets at 500 GeV
- Intermed.- η π^0
- High stats 200 GeV in 2015

RHIC data through 2009:

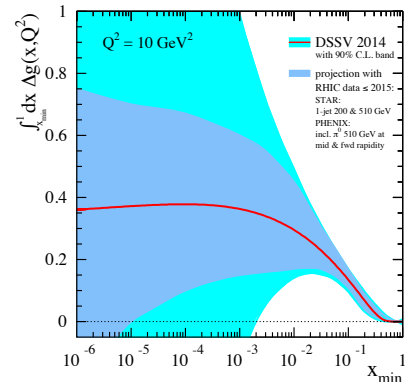
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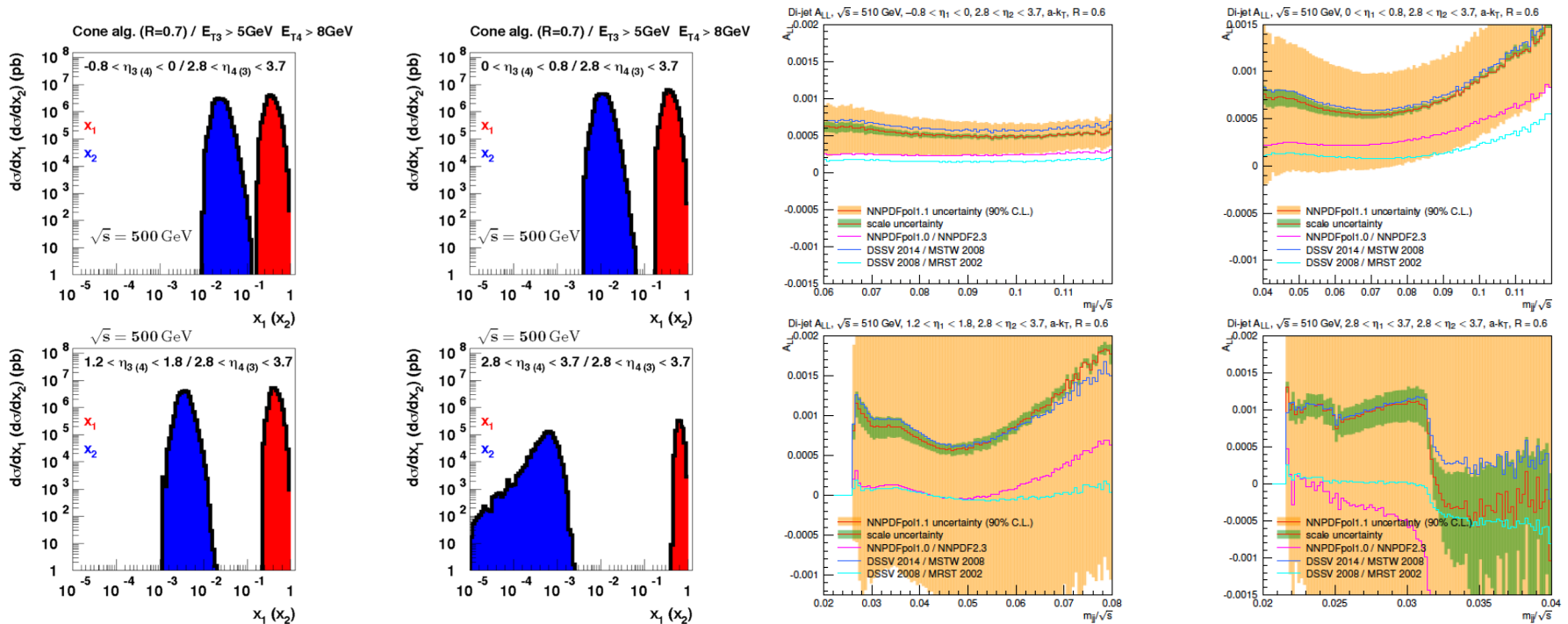
Recent data will improve uncertainties further...

...but Δg at very low x still largely unconstrained!

For lower x : push forward!



Forward Rapidity Physics: Gluon Helicity

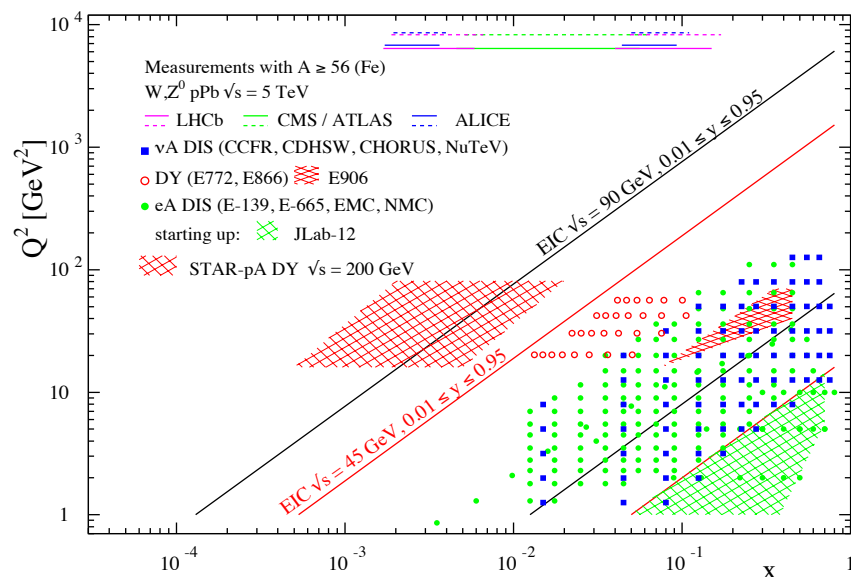
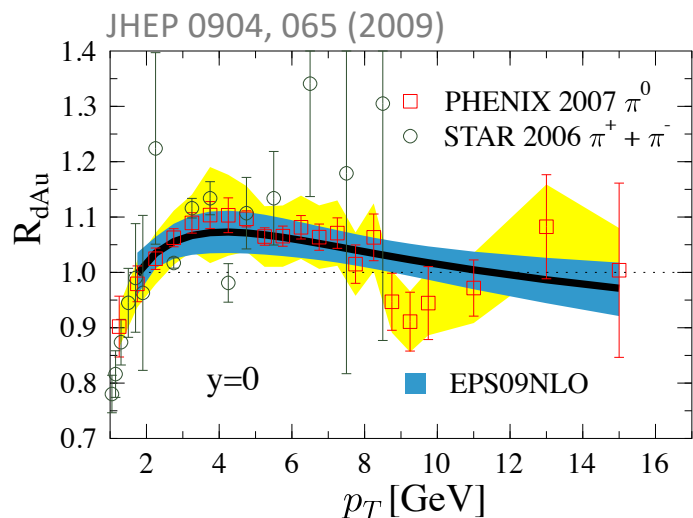
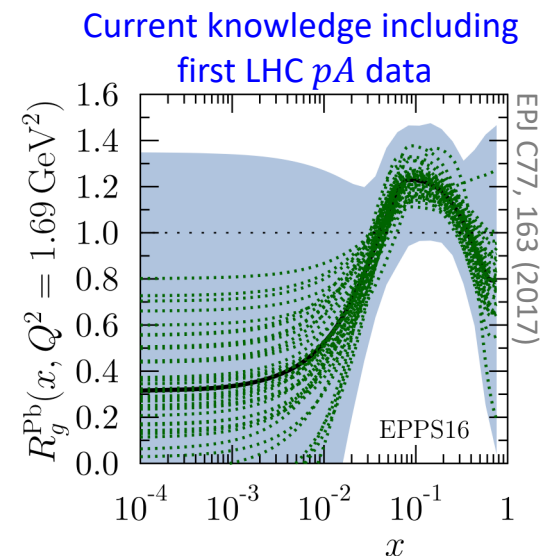


Constrain Δg at low x with forward dijets

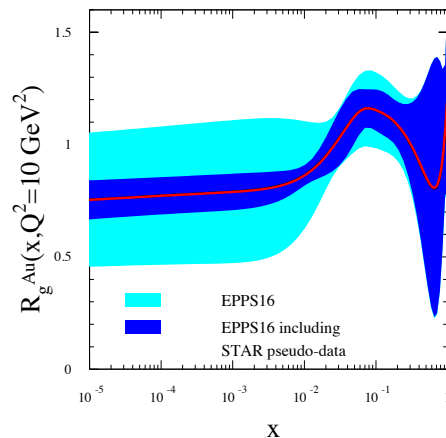
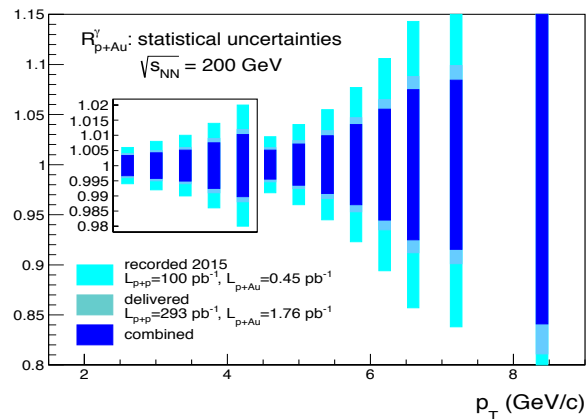
- More sensitive to shape of $\Delta g(x)$ than inclusive probes
- Correlating forward jet with associated jet in different rapidity ranges samples a varied range of x
- Pushing both jets to $\eta > 2.8$ allows sensitivity of $x \sim 10^{-3}$

Forward Rapidity Physics: Nuclear PDFs

- Understanding the initial state of heavy nuclei is critical to RHIC and LHC programs
- Knowledge currently limited when compared to our knowledge of free protons
- Vital to extend understanding at low x over range of Q^2
- Furthermore, need data for different nuclei to understand A -dependence of nuclear PDFs
- Need probes with $Q^2 > Q_s^2$
- **Need probes immune to final-state strong interactions**



Forward Rapidity Physics: Nuclear PDFs

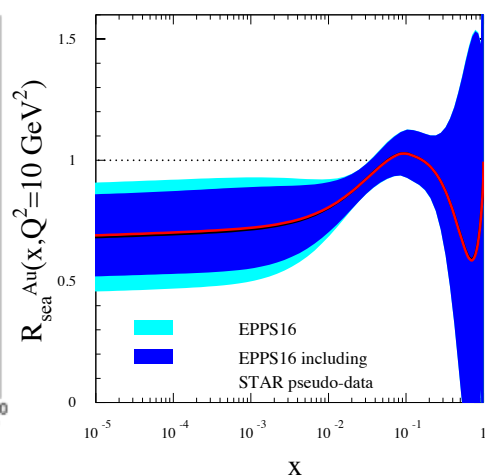
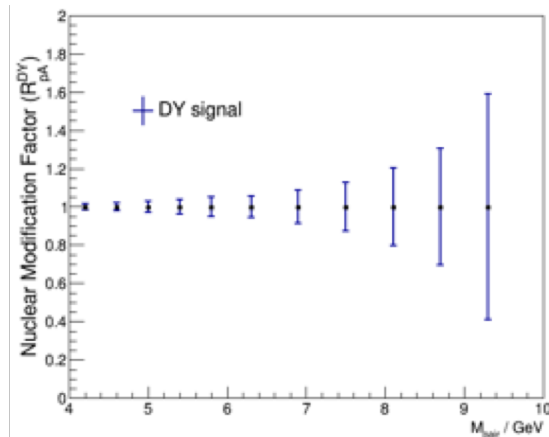


Probe **gluon** nPDF via **forward direct- γ**

- Pilot measurements from $0.45 \text{ pb}^{-1} pAu$ and $1 \text{ pb}^{-1} pAl$ taken in 2015
- **Planned 2023 runs** \rightarrow **significant impact on global analyses**

- Sensitive to $10^{-3} \lesssim x \lesssim 10^{-2}$ and $6 \lesssim Q^2 \lesssim 40 \text{ GeV}^2$, where nuclear modifications should be significant

- Precision of pA data \rightarrow enable stringent test of nPDF universality when combined with data from EIC



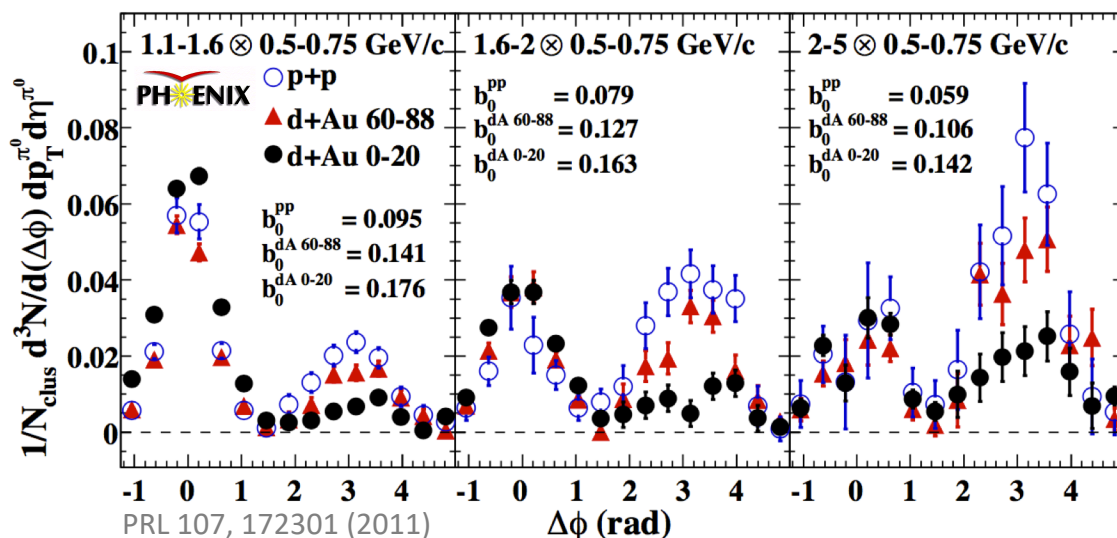
Probe **sea-quark** nPDF via **forward Drell-Yan**

Forward Rapidity Physics: Saturation

- ***Definitive observation*** of saturation regime would significantly advance understanding of nucleon structure and high-energy nuclear interactions
- Evidence seen at HERA, RHIC, and LHC → alternative explanations remain

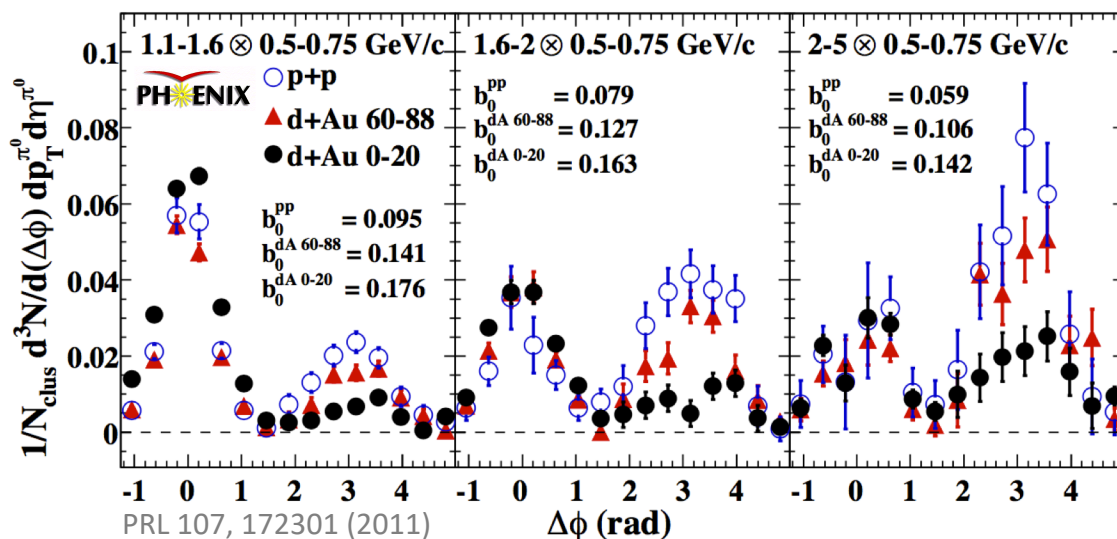
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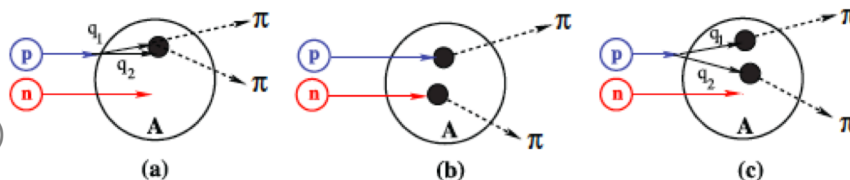
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- **Workhorse measurement at RHIC: di-hadron correlations in dAu**
→ “double interactions” provide alternative explanation
- Theoretical complications for strongly-interacting final states



double interactions:

PRD 83, 034029 (2011)

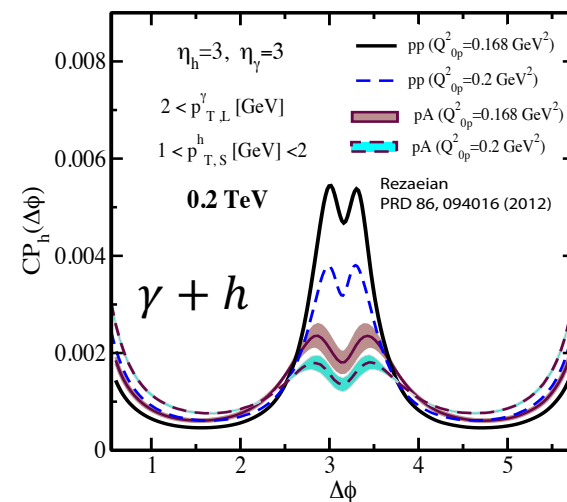
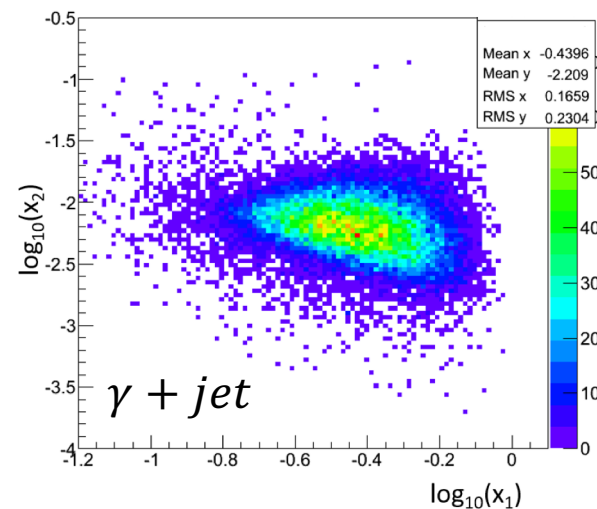


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→ insight into “double interaction” contribution to dAu
- Pilot R_{pA} for direct- γ in 2015

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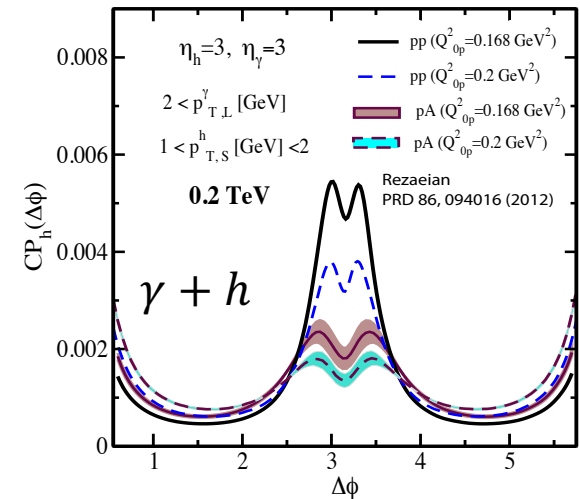
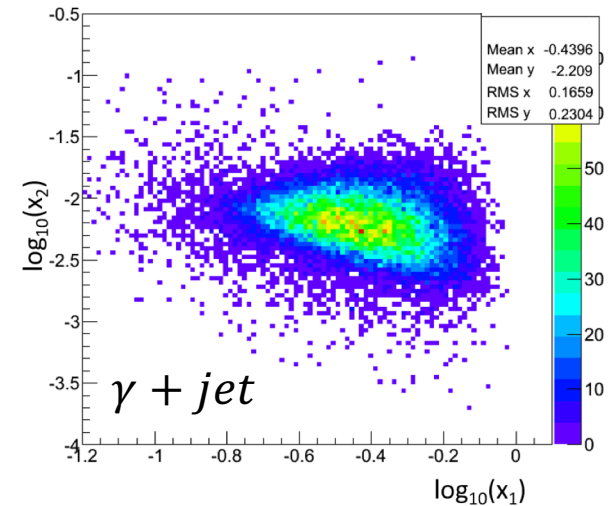
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- Future increased luminosity+upgrades enables additional probes, e.g. forward $\gamma + jet$
 - Sensitive only to dipole gluon density
 - Sample $0.001 < x < 0.005$ for both γ and jet in range $1.3 < \eta < 4.0$ with $p_T > 3.2 \text{ GeV}/c$
 - Complement with probes, e.g. $\gamma + h$ and di-jet



Forward Rapidity Physics: Saturation

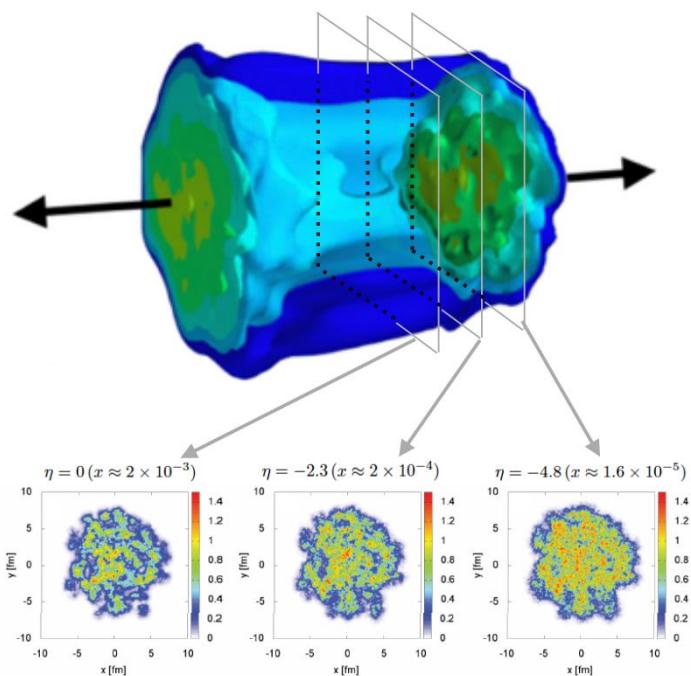
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Critical test of universality when combined with EIC



Forward Rapidity Physics: Opportunities with AA

- Knowledge of **transverse** density fluctuations improved over recent years
- Constraints on **longitudinal** structure more limited
- 3D-Glasma constrained by LHC → crucial test of QCD evolution with RHIC data
- Critical to understand 3+1 dimensional viscous hydrodynamics evolution and transport of hadronic phase

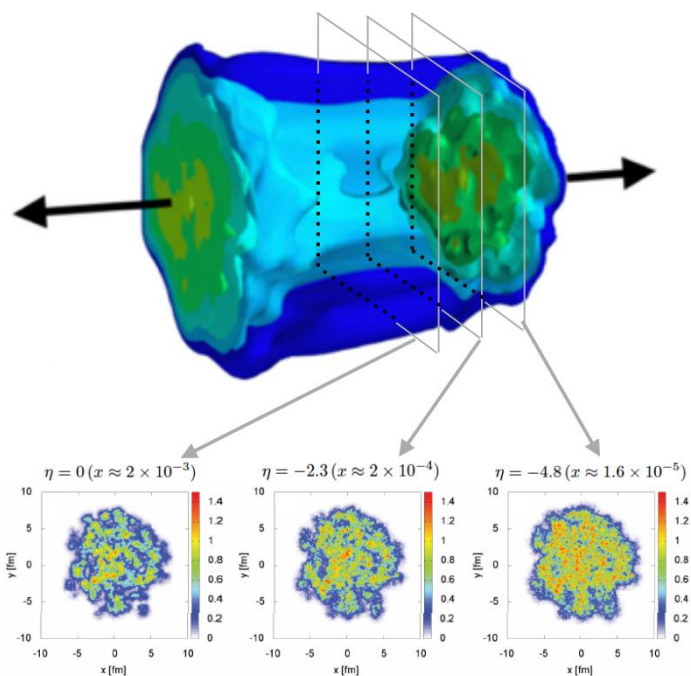


PRC 94, 044907 (2016)

credit: B. Schenke

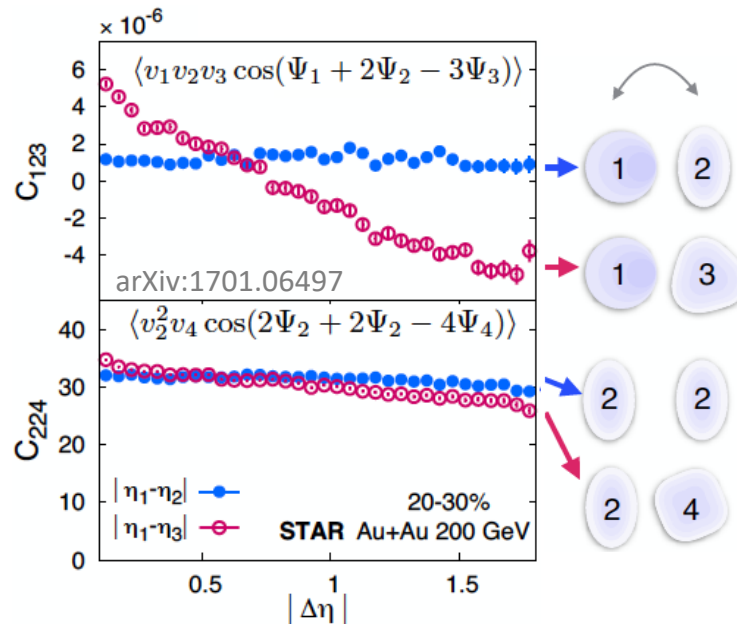
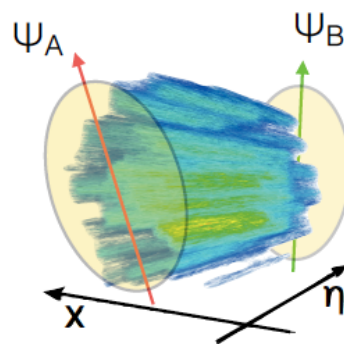
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- STAR with existing detectors: Hint of longitudinal de-correlations
- Wider $\Delta\eta$ can probe in more detail



PRC 94, 044907 (2016)

credit: B. Schenke

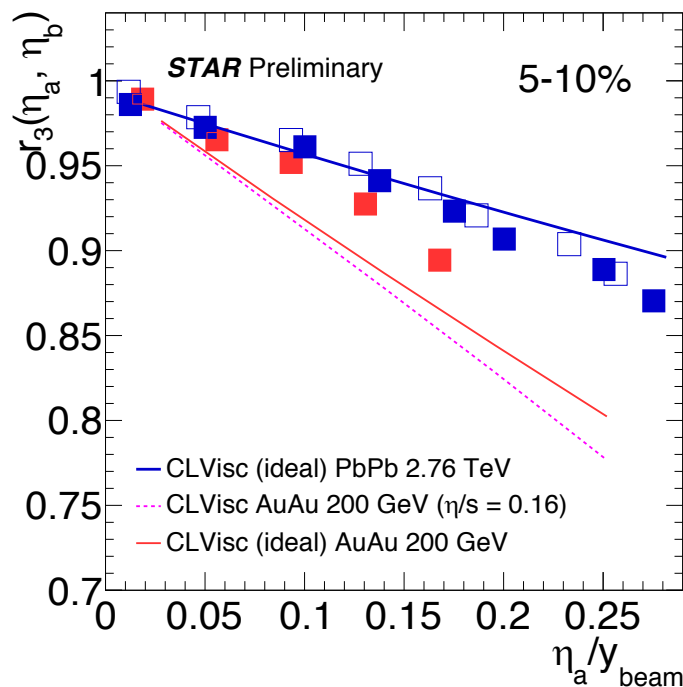
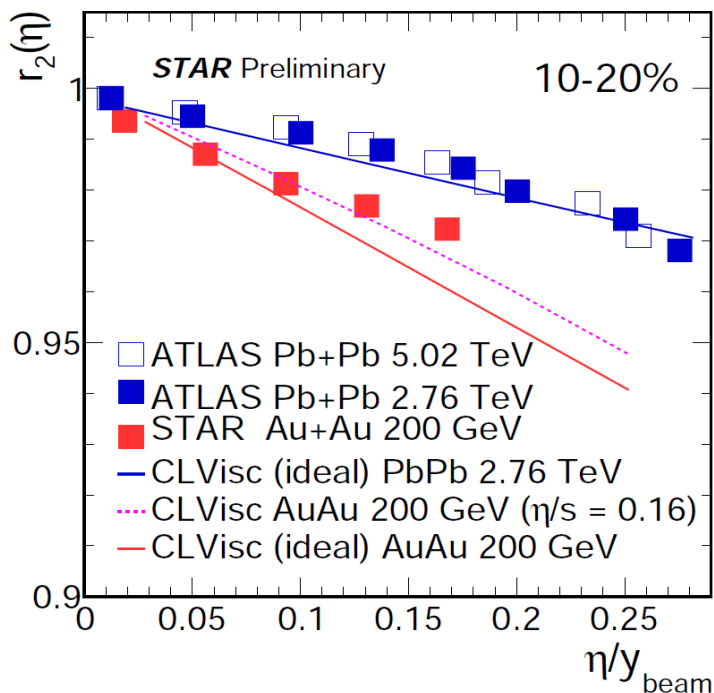


Forward Rapidity Physics: Opportunities with AA

$$r_n(\eta) = \frac{\langle V_n(-\eta)V_n^*(\eta_{ref}) \rangle}{\langle V_n(\eta)V_n^*(\eta_{ref}) \rangle}$$

$$= \frac{\langle v_n(-\eta)v_n(\eta_{ref}) \cos\{n[\Psi_n(-\eta) - \Psi_n(\eta_{ref})]\} \rangle}{\langle v_n(\eta)v_n(\eta_{ref}) \cos\{n[\Psi_n(\eta) - \Psi_n(\eta_{ref})]\} \rangle}$$

- Measures relative fluctuation between $v_n(-\eta)$ and $v_n(\eta)$
- Sensitive to longitudinal flow asymmetry and event plane twist
- Decorrelation in preliminary STAR data from existing forward detector larger than seen at LHC
- Models with viscosity correction describe r_2 fairly well but discrepancies in r_3

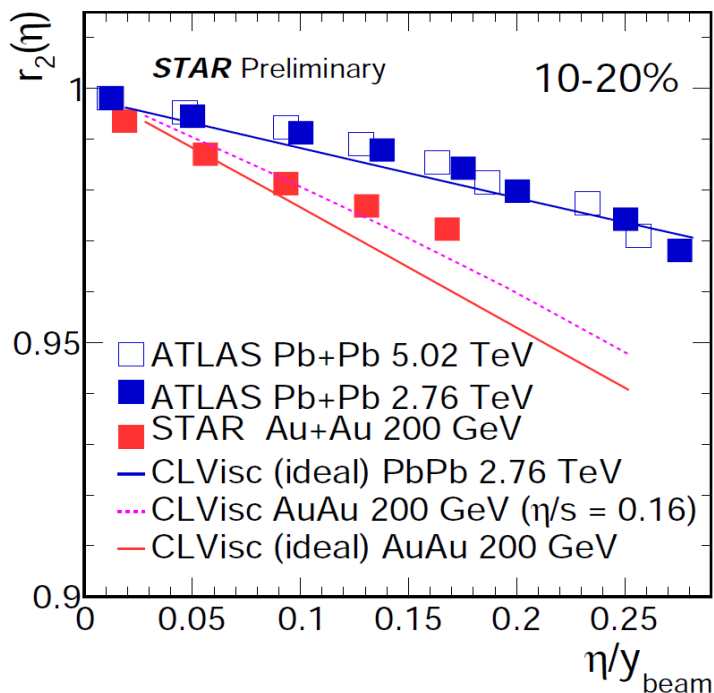


Forward Rapidity Physics: Opportunities with AA

$$r_n(\eta) = \frac{\langle V_n(-\eta)V_n^*(\eta_{ref}) \rangle}{\langle V_n(\eta)V_n^*(\eta_{ref}) \rangle}$$

$$= \frac{\langle v_n(-\eta)v_n(\eta_{ref}) \cos\{n[\Psi_n(-\eta) - \Psi_n(\eta_{ref})]\} \rangle}{\langle v_n(\eta)v_n(\eta_{ref}) \cos\{n[\Psi_n(\eta) - \Psi_n(\eta_{ref})]\} \rangle}$$

- Measures relative fluctuation between $v_n(-\eta)$ and $v_n(\eta)$
- Sensitive to longitudinal flow asymmetry and event plane twist
- Decorrelation in preliminary STAR data from existing forward detector larger than seen at LHC
- Models with viscosity correction describe r_2 fairly well but discrepancies in r_3



Forward Upgrade:

- Higher statistics and improved detectors
- Additional probes: decompose in Legendre polynomials, i.e. a_{mn} coefficients
- Lower \sqrt{s}
 - Energy-dependence of long. fluctuations
 - Constrain hadronic transport models

Opportunities at Midrapidity

Related Studies at Midrapidity

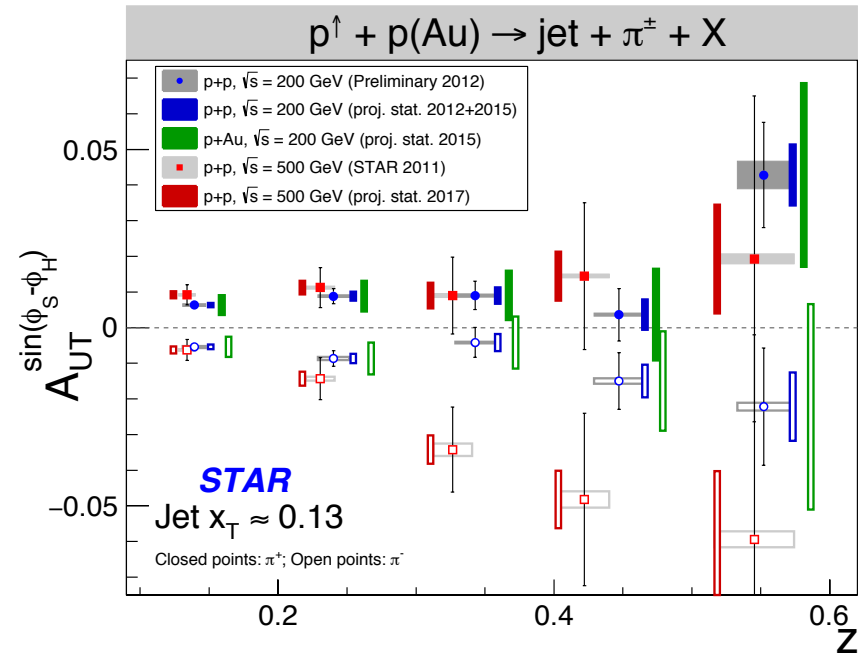
- Fragmentation functions in pp and pA, e.g. through hadrons within jets
- Nuclear modification of hadronization, e.g. through Collins effect in pA

Diffractive Physics

- Ultra-peripheral J/ψ to access spatial gluon dist.
- Dijets in UPC to access gluon Wigner function

Much, much more!

<https://drupal.star.bnl.gov/STAR/starnotes/public/sn0669>



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In the words of the RHIC PAC:

- As the physics program that is foreseen for forward physics is substantial, *full utilization of future polarized proton beam time must be made to realize the proposed forward physics program.*
- RHIC management is encouraged to *find a way to enhance and include a forward physics program at RHIC.*