

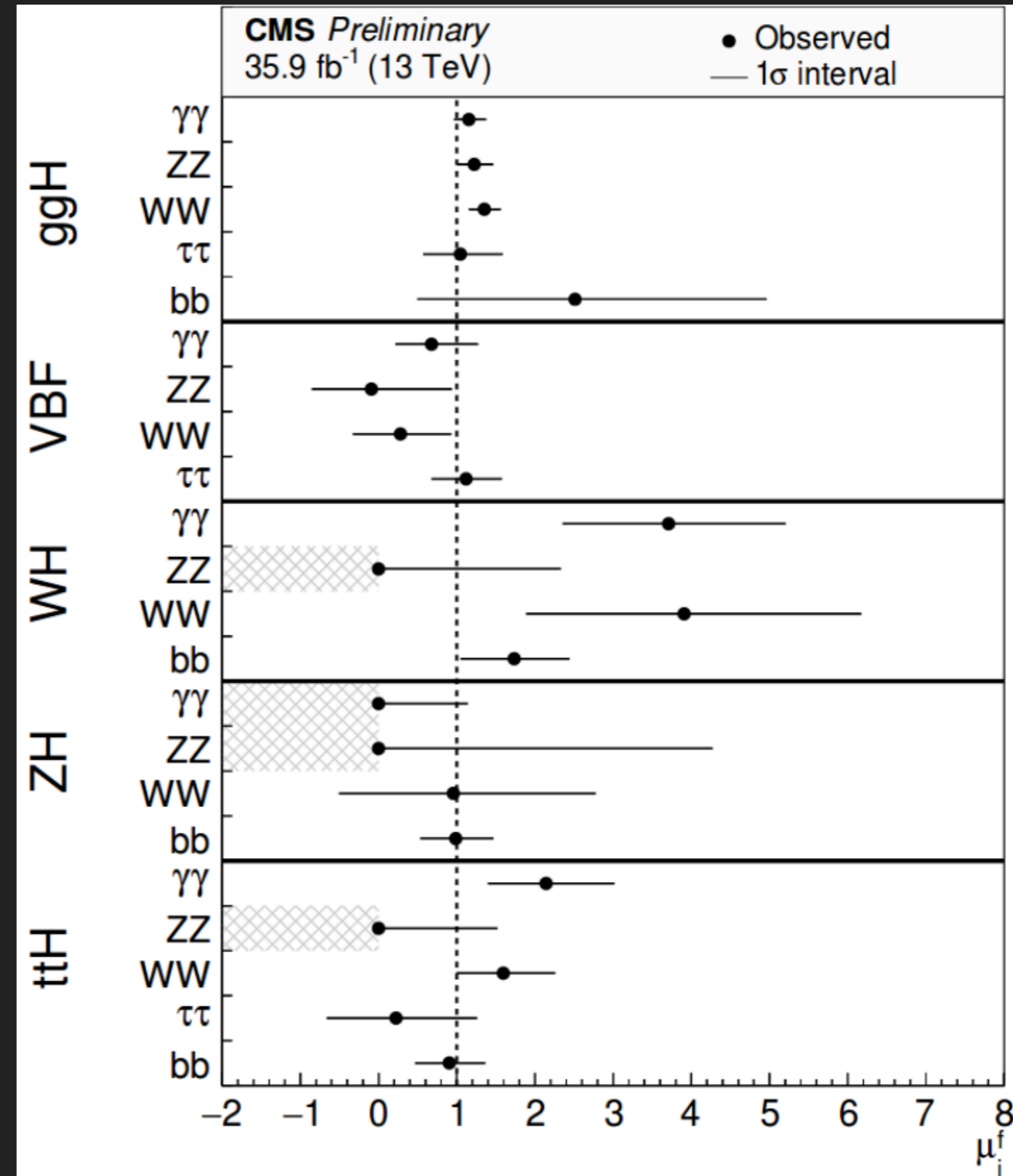
CHRIS MURPHY

EFT FOR HIGGS PHYSICS

John Ellis, CM, Verónica Sanz, & Tevong You: 1803.03252

HIGGS PHYSICS

- ▶ Many good measurements at LHC
- ▶ No evidence of BSM physics
- ▶ $\Lambda \sim \text{TeV}$



EFFECTIVE FIELD THEORY

- ▶ Most useful when UV and IR scales are well-separated

$$\mathcal{L}_{EFT} = \sum_{n,i} \frac{c_i^{(n)}}{\Lambda^n} \mathcal{O}_i^{(n)}(x)$$

- ▶ EFT is a full-fledged QFT provided one works to finite order in Λ
 - ▶ No reference to or input from UV physics needed
 - ▶ Advantages over ad-hoc BSM parameterization

STANDARD MODEL EFFECTIVE FIELD THEORY

- ▶ Given SM particle content, write down all terms allowed by SM symmetries...

	$SU(3)_c$	$SU(2)_L$	$U(1)_Y$
Q_L	3	2	$\frac{1}{6}$
q_R^u	3	1	$\frac{2}{3}$
q_R^d	3	1	$-\frac{1}{3}$
L_L	1	2	$-\frac{1}{2}$
l_R	1	1	-1
ϕ	1	2	$\frac{1}{2}$



$$\mathcal{L}_{SM} = \mathcal{L}_m + \mathcal{L}_g + \mathcal{L}_h + \mathcal{L}_y \quad ,$$

$$\mathcal{L}_m = \bar{Q}_L i \gamma^\mu D_\mu^L Q_L + \bar{q}_R i \gamma^\mu D_\mu^R q_R + \bar{L}_L i \gamma^\mu D_\mu^L L_L + \bar{l}_R i \gamma^\mu D_\mu^R l_R$$

$$\mathcal{L}_G = -\frac{1}{4} B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{4} W_{\mu\nu}^a W^{a\mu\nu}$$

$$\mathcal{L}_H = (D_\mu^L \phi)^\dagger (D^{L\mu} \phi) - V(\phi)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_Y = y_d \bar{Q}_L \phi q_R^d + y_u \bar{Q}_L \phi^c q_R^u + y_L \bar{L}_L \phi l_R + \text{h.c.} \quad ,$$

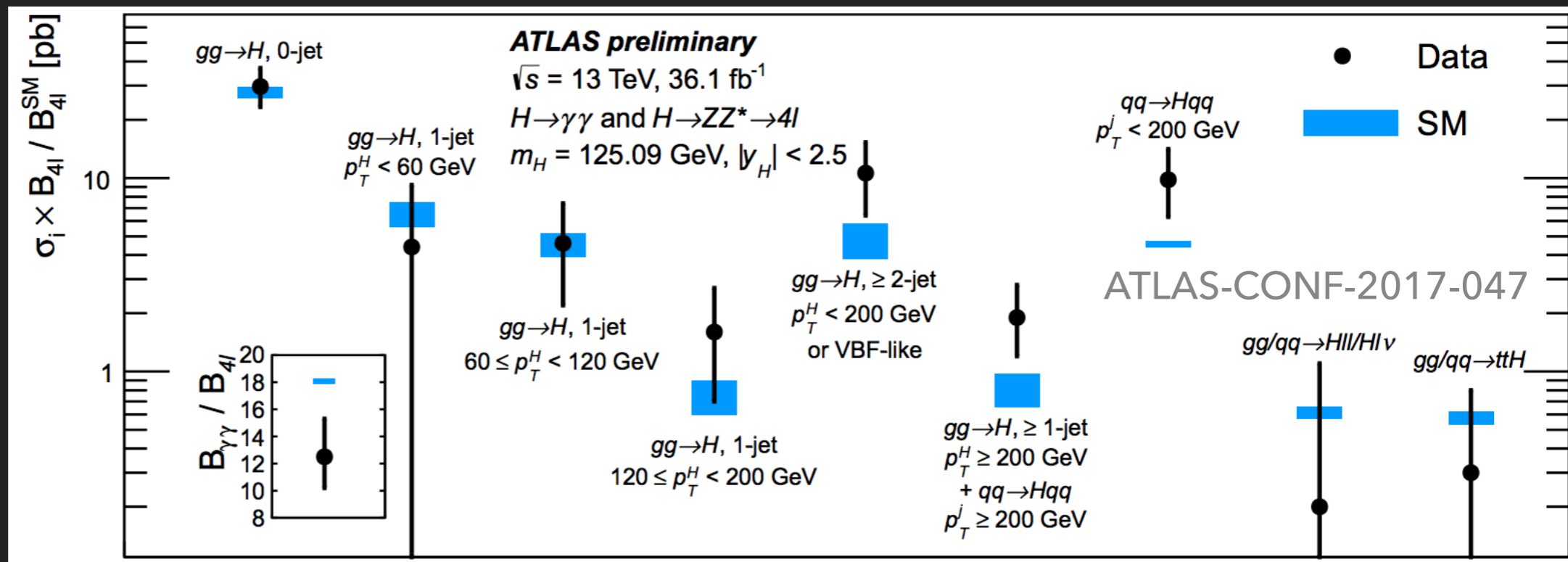
- ▶ ...including higher-dimensional operators



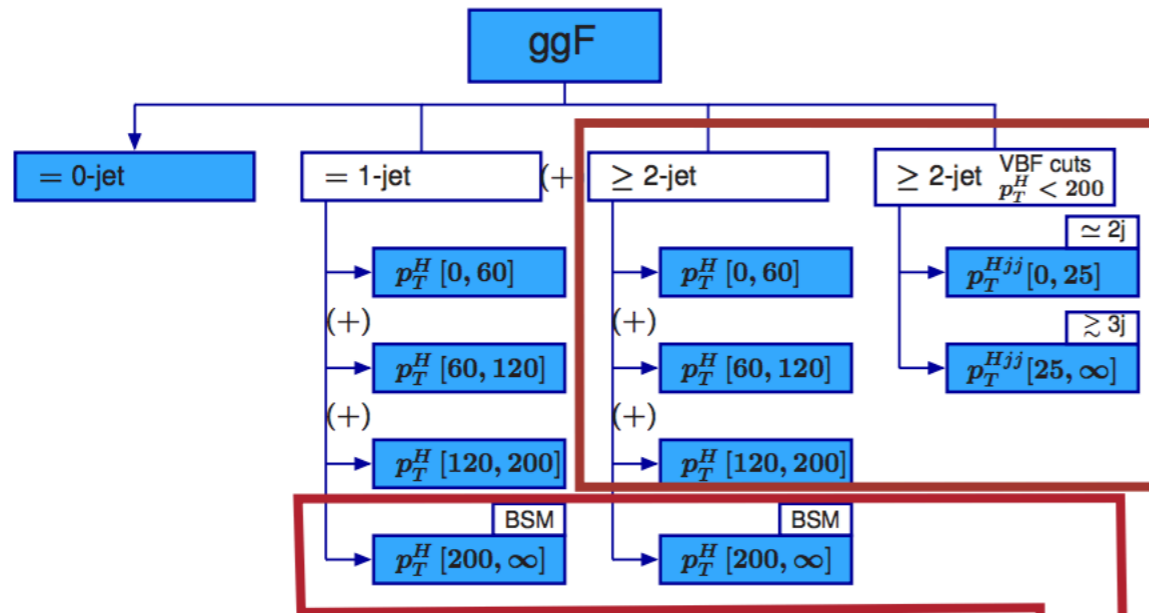
$$\mathcal{L}_{SM}^{\text{dim-6}} = \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i$$

NEXT-GENERATION ANALYSIS

- ▶ Previously assumed:
 - ▶ EWPD >> diboson >> Higgs
- ▶ No longer justified, theoretically unsatisfactory
- ▶ Kinematic information encoded in Simplified Template Cross Sections (STXS)

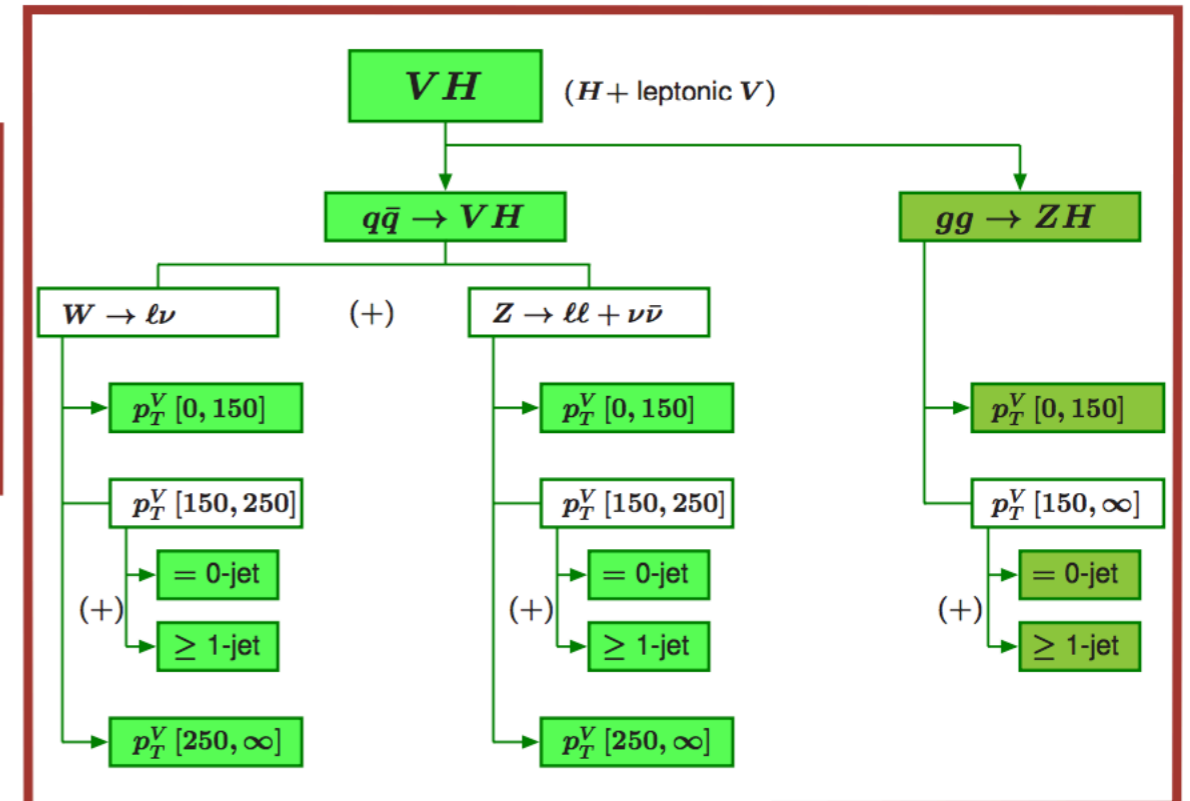
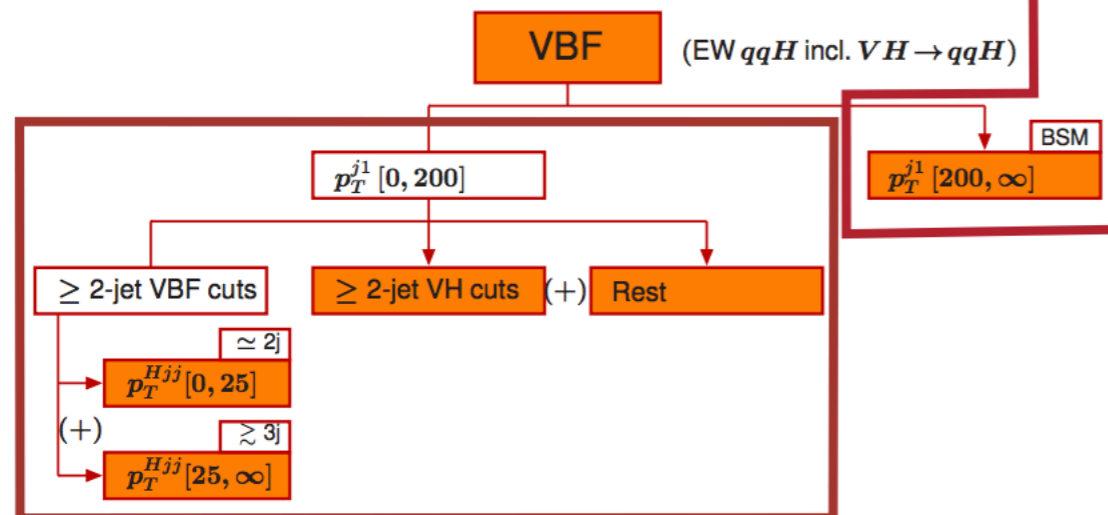


SIMPLIFIED TEMPLATE CROSS SECTIONS



ATLAS-CONF-2017-047

\pm



$t\bar{t}H$

$b\bar{b}H$

tH

Merged STXS Stage-1 regions enclosed by red boxes

ANALYSIS FRAMEWORK

- ▶ Focus on leading dimension-6 operators

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} \supset \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda_i^2} \mathcal{O}_i$$

- ▶ Work to linear order in Wilson coefficients
- ▶ Impose $U(3)^5$ symmetry, broken by SM Yukawas
- ▶ Use $\alpha_{\text{EM}}, G_F, M_Z$, as input parameters

DIMENSION-6 OPERATORS IN WARSAW BASIS

$$\bar{C} \equiv \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} C$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}}^{\text{Warsaw}} \supset & \frac{\bar{C}_{Hl}^{(3)}}{v^2} (H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I H) (\bar{l} \tau^I \gamma^\mu l) + \frac{\bar{C}_{Hl}^{(1)}}{v^2} (H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{l} \gamma^\mu l) + \frac{\bar{C}_{ll}}{v^2} (\bar{l} \gamma_\mu l) (\bar{l} \gamma^\mu l) \\ & + \frac{\bar{C}_{HD}}{v^2} |H^\dagger D_\mu H|^2 + \frac{\bar{C}_{HWB}}{v^2} H^\dagger \tau^I H W_{\mu\nu}^I B^{\mu\nu} \\ & + \frac{\bar{C}_{He}}{v^2} (H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{e} \gamma^\mu e) + \frac{\bar{C}_{Hu}}{v^2} (H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{u} \gamma^\mu u) + \frac{\bar{C}_{Hd}}{v^2} (H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{d} \gamma^\mu d) \\ & + \frac{\bar{C}_{Hq}^{(3)}}{v^2} (H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu^I H) (\bar{q} \tau^I \gamma^\mu q) + \frac{\bar{C}_{Hq}^{(1)}}{v^2} (H^\dagger i \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{q} \gamma^\mu q) + \frac{\bar{C}_W}{v^2} \epsilon^{IJK} W_\mu^{I\nu} W_\nu^{J\rho} W_\rho^{K\mu} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}}^{\text{Warsaw}} \supset & \frac{\bar{C}_{eH}}{v^2} y_e (H^\dagger H) (\bar{l} e H) + \frac{\bar{C}_{dH}}{v^2} y_d (H^\dagger H) (\bar{q} d H) + \frac{\bar{C}_{uH}}{v^2} y_u (H^\dagger H) (\bar{q} u \tilde{H}) \\ & + \frac{\bar{C}_G}{v^2} f^{ABC} G_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu} + \frac{\bar{C}_{H\Box}}{v^2} (H^\dagger H) \Box (H^\dagger H) + \frac{\bar{C}_{uG}}{v^2} y_u (\bar{q} \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A u) \tilde{H} G_{\mu\nu}^A \\ & + \frac{\bar{C}_{HW}}{v^2} H^\dagger H W_{\mu\nu}^I W^{I\mu\nu} + \frac{\bar{C}_{HB}}{v^2} H^\dagger H B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} + \frac{\bar{C}_{HG}}{v^2} H^\dagger H G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu} . \end{aligned}$$

PRECISION ELECTROWEAK MEASUREMENTS USED IN SMEFT FIT

- ▶ 12 Z-pole measurements
- ▶ 74 LEP 2 W^+W^- measurements
- ▶ New M_W measurement from ATLAS
- ▶ Probes 11 SMEFT directions

Observable	Measurement	Ref.	SM Prediction	Ref.
Γ_Z [GeV]	2.4952 ± 0.0023	[41]	2.4943 ± 0.0005	[40]
σ_{had}^0 [nb]	41.540 ± 0.037	[41]	41.488 ± 0.006	[40]
R_ℓ^0	20.767 ± 0.025	[41]	20.752 ± 0.005	[40]
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,\ell}$	0.0171 ± 0.0010	[41]	0.01622 ± 0.00009	[118]
$\mathcal{A}_\ell(P_\tau)$	0.1465 ± 0.0033	[41]	0.1470 ± 0.0004	[118]
$\mathcal{A}_\ell(\text{SLD})$	0.1513 ± 0.0021	[41]	0.1470 ± 0.0004	[118]
R_b^0	0.021629 ± 0.00066	[41]	0.2158 ± 0.00015	[40]
R_c^0	0.1721 ± 0.0030	[41]	0.17223 ± 0.00005	[40]
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,b}$	0.0992 ± 0.0016	[41]	0.1031 ± 0.0003	[118]
$A_{\text{FB}}^{0,c}$	0.0707 ± 0.0035	[41]	0.0736 ± 0.0002	[118]
\mathcal{A}_b	0.923 ± 0.020	[41]	0.9347	[118]
\mathcal{A}_c	0.670 ± 0.027	[41]	0.6678 ± 0.0002	[118]
M_W [GeV]	80.387 ± 0.016	[42]	80.361 ± 0.006	[118]
M_W [GeV]	80.370 ± 0.019	[98]	80.361 ± 0.006	[118]

ATLAS+CMS HIGGS DATA FROM RUN 1

Production	Decay	Signal Strength	Production	Decay	Signal Strength
ggF	$\gamma\gamma$	$1.10^{+0.23}_{-0.22}$	Wh	$\tau\tau$	-1.4 ± 1.4
ggF	ZZ	$1.13^{+0.34}_{-0.31}$	Wh	bb	1.0 ± 0.5
ggF	WW	0.84 ± 0.17	Zh	$\gamma\gamma$	$0.5^{+3.0}_{-2.5}$
ggF	$\tau\tau$	1.0 ± 0.6	Zh	WW	$5.9^{+2.6}_{-2.2}$
VBF	$\gamma\gamma$	1.3 ± 0.5	Zh	$\tau\tau$	$2.2^{+2.2}_{-1.8}$
VBF	ZZ	$0.1^{+1.1}_{-0.6}$	Zh	bb	0.4 ± 0.4
VBF	WW	1.2 ± 0.4	tth	$\gamma\gamma$	$2.2^{+1.6}_{-1.3}$
VBF	$\tau\tau$	1.3 ± 0.4	tth	WW	$5.0^{+1.8}_{-1.7}$
Wh	$\gamma\gamma$	$0.5^{+1.3}_{-1.2}$	tth	$\tau\tau$	$-1.9^{+3.7}_{-3.3}$
Wh	WW	$1.6^{+1.2}_{-1.0}$	tth	bb	1.1 ± 1.0
pp	$Z\gamma$	$2.7^{+4.6}_{-4.5}$	pp	$\mu\mu$	0.1 ± 2.5

RUN 2 HIGGS MEASUREMENTS USED IN SMEFT FIT

CMS

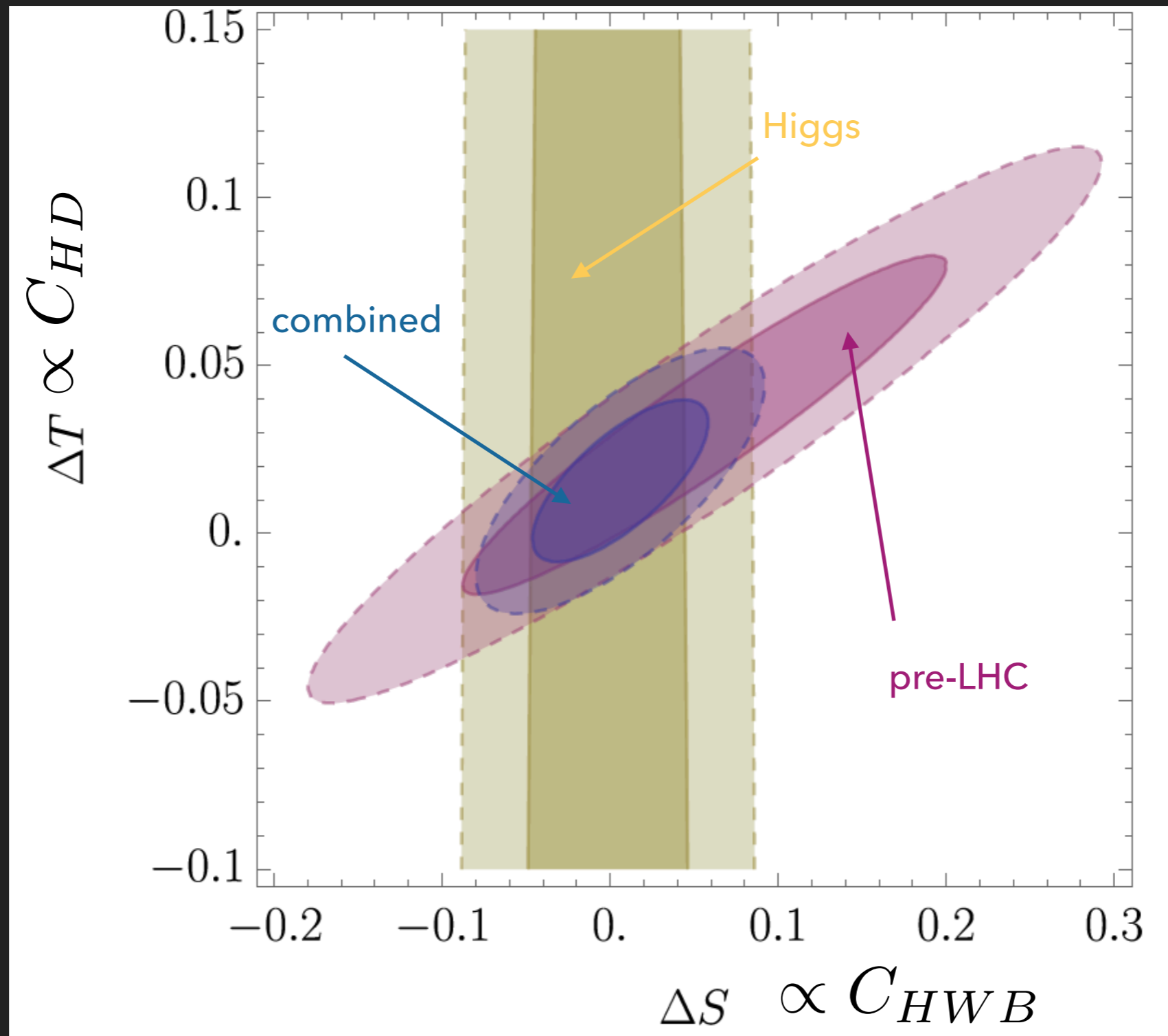
ATLAS

- ▶ Include all available kinematical information
- ▶ Include 1 W^+W^- measurement at high p_T
- ▶ Probe 13 SMEFT directions

new: Moriond EW '18

	Production	Decay	Sig. Stren.		Production	Decay	Sig. Stren.
[102]	1-jet, $p_T > 450$	$b\bar{b}$	$2.3^{+1.8}_{-1.6}$	[110]	pp	$\mu\mu$	-0.1 ± 1.5
[103]	Zh	$b\bar{b}$	0.9 ± 0.5	[111]	Zh	$b\bar{b}$	$1.12^{+0.50}_{-0.45}$
[103]	Wh	$b\bar{b}$	1.7 ± 0.7	[111]	Wh	$b\bar{b}$	$1.35^{+0.68}_{-0.59}$
[104]	$t\bar{t}h, \geq 1\ell$	$b\bar{b}$	0.72 ± 0.45	[112]	$t\bar{t}h$	$b\bar{b}$	$0.84^{+0.64}_{-0.61}$
[105]	$t\bar{t}h$	$1\ell + 2\tau_h$	$-1.52^{+1.76}_{-1.72}$	[113]	$t\bar{t}h$	$2los + 1\tau_h$	$1.7^{+2.1}_{-1.9}$
[105]	$t\bar{t}h$	$2lss + 1\tau_h$	$0.94^{+0.80}_{-0.67}$	[113]	$t\bar{t}h$	$1\ell + 2\tau_h$	$-0.6^{+1.6}_{-1.5}$
[105]	$t\bar{t}h$	$3\ell + 1\tau_h$	$1.34^{+1.42}_{-1.07}$	[113]	$t\bar{t}h$	$3\ell + 1\tau_h$	$1.6^{+1.8}_{-1.3}$
[105]	$t\bar{t}h$	$2lss$	$1.61^{+0.58}_{-0.51}$	[113]	$t\bar{t}h$	$2lss + 1\tau_h$	$3.5^{+1.7}_{-1.3}$
[105]	$t\bar{t}h$	3ℓ	$0.82^{+0.77}_{-0.71}$	[113]	$t\bar{t}h$	3ℓ	$1.8^{+0.9}_{-0.7}$
[105]	$t\bar{t}h$	4ℓ	$0.9^{+2.3}_{-1.6}$	[113]	$t\bar{t}h$	$2lss$	$1.5^{+0.7}_{-0.6}$
[106]	0-jet DF	WW	$1.30^{+0.24}_{-0.23}$	[114]	ggF	WW	$1.21^{+0.22}_{-0.21}$
[106]	1-jet DF	WW	$1.29^{+0.32}_{-0.27}$	[114]	VBF	WW	$0.62^{+0.37}_{-0.36}$
[106]	2-jet DF	WW	$0.82^{+0.54}_{-0.50}$	[115]	$B(h \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) / B(h \rightarrow 4\ell)$		$0.69^{+0.13}_{-0.13}$
[106]	VBF 2-jet	WW	$0.72^{+0.44}_{-0.41}$	[115]	0-jet	4ℓ	$1.07^{+0.27}_{-0.25}$
[106]	Vh 2-jet	WW	$3.92^{+1.32}_{-1.17}$	[115]	1-jet, $p_T < 60$	4ℓ	$0.67^{+0.72}_{-0.68}$
[106]	Wh 3-lep	WW	$2.23^{+1.76}_{-1.53}$	[115]	1-jet, $p_T \in (60, 120)$	4ℓ	$1.00^{+0.63}_{-0.55}$
[107]	ggF	$\gamma\gamma$	$1.10^{+0.20}_{-0.18}$	[115]	1-jet, $p_T \in (120, 200)$	4ℓ	$2.1^{+1.5}_{-1.3}$
[107]	VBF	$\gamma\gamma$	$0.8^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$	[115]	2-jet	4ℓ	$2.2^{+1.1}_{-1.0}$
[107]	$t\bar{t}h$	$\gamma\gamma$	$2.2^{+0.9}_{-0.8}$	[115]	"BSM-like"	4ℓ	$2.3^{+1.2}_{-1.0}$
[107]	Vh	$\gamma\gamma$	$2.4^{+1.1}_{-1.0}$	[115]	VBF, $p_T < 200$	4ℓ	$2.14^{+0.94}_{-0.77}$
[108]	ggF	4ℓ	$1.20^{+0.22}_{-0.21}$	[115]	Vh lep	4ℓ	$0.3^{+1.3}_{-1.2}$
[109]	0-jet	$\tau\tau$	0.84 ± 0.89	[115]	$t\bar{t}h$	4ℓ	$0.51^{+0.86}_{-0.70}$
[109]	boosted	$\tau\tau$	$1.17^{+0.47}_{-0.40}$	[116]	Wh	WW	$3.2^{+4.4}_{-4.2}$
[109]	VBF	$\tau\tau$	$1.11^{+0.34}_{-0.35}$				
[106]	Zh 4-lep	WW	$0.77^{+1.49}_{-1.20}$				

CONSTRAINTS ON OBLIQUE PARAMETERS



GLOBAL FIT RESULTS

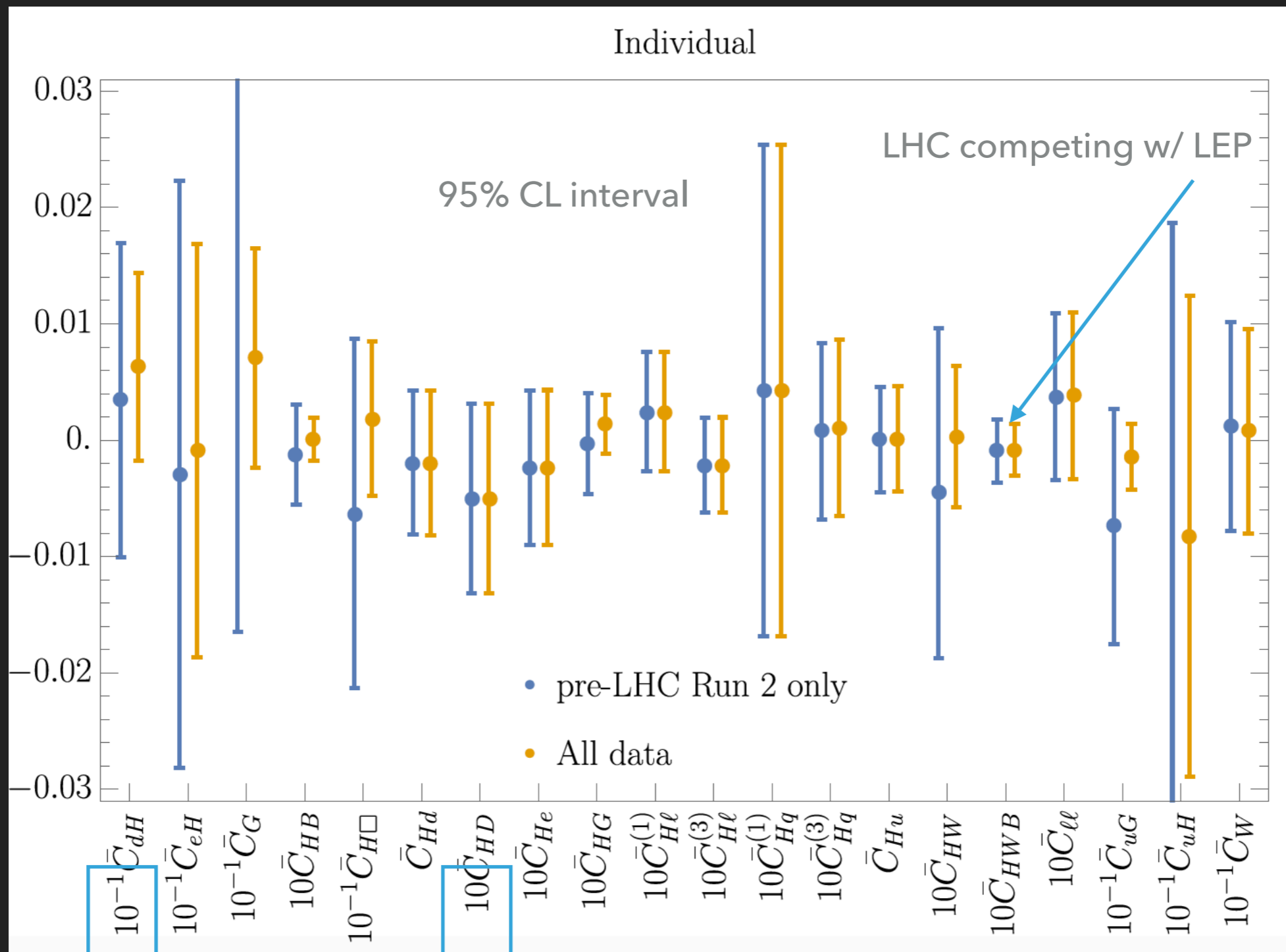
Theory	χ^2	χ^2/n_d	p -value
SM	157	0.987	0.532
SMEFT	137	0.987	0.528
SMEFT*	143	0.977	0.564

20 coefficients

13 coefficients

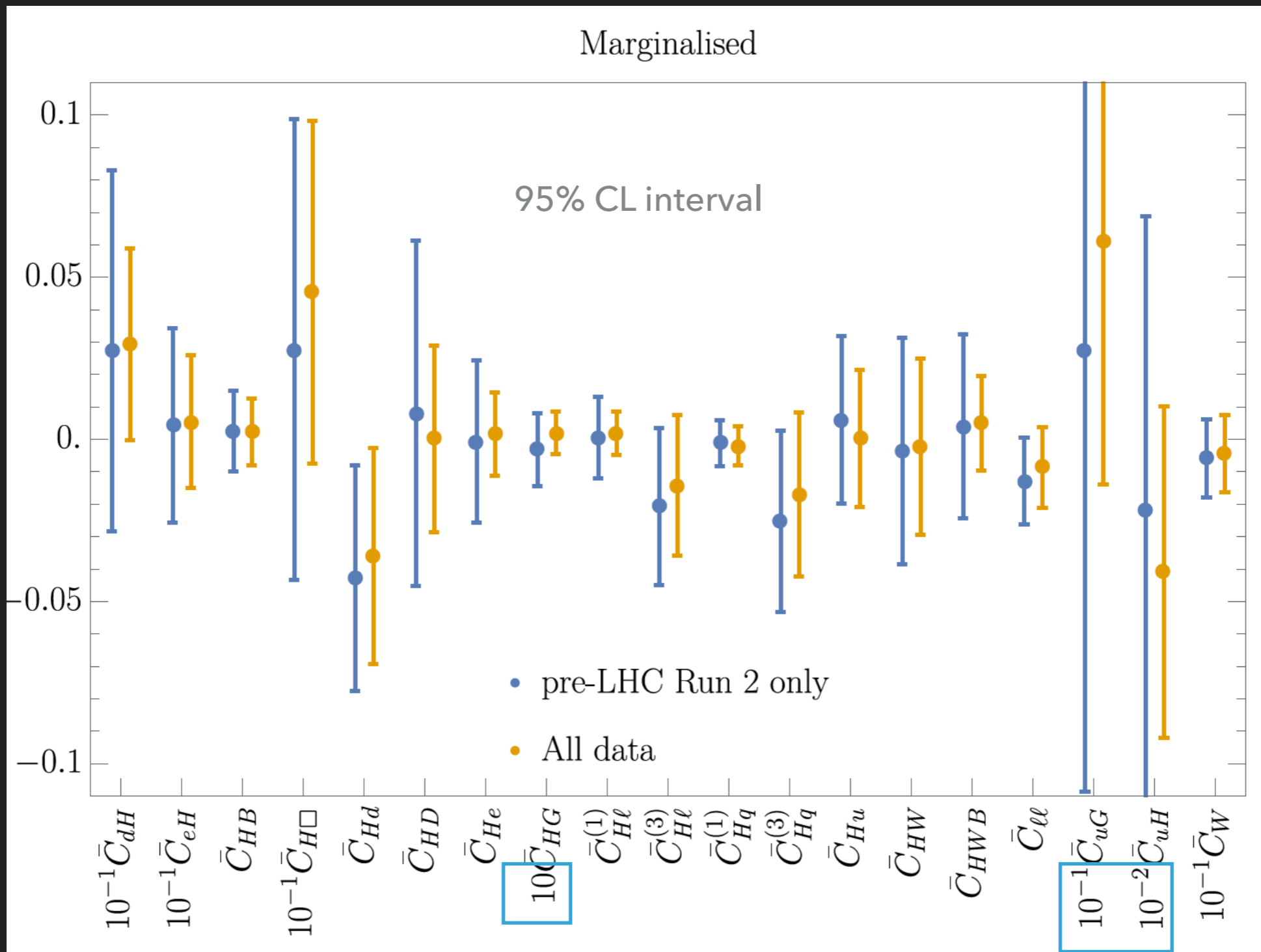
*assumes SMEFT is UV-completed by a renormalizable, weakly-coupled theory

FIT TO EACH OPERATOR INDIVIDUALLY



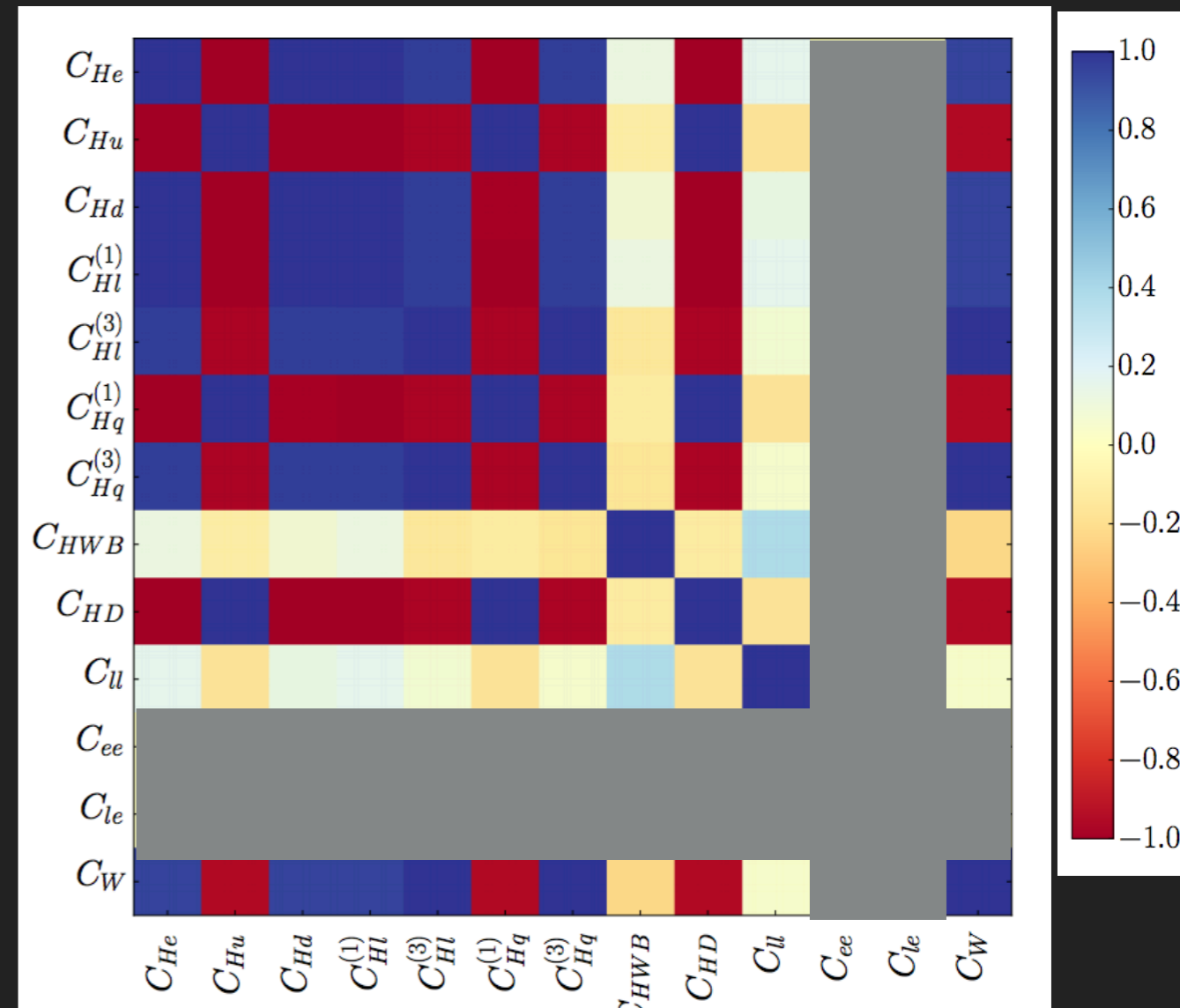
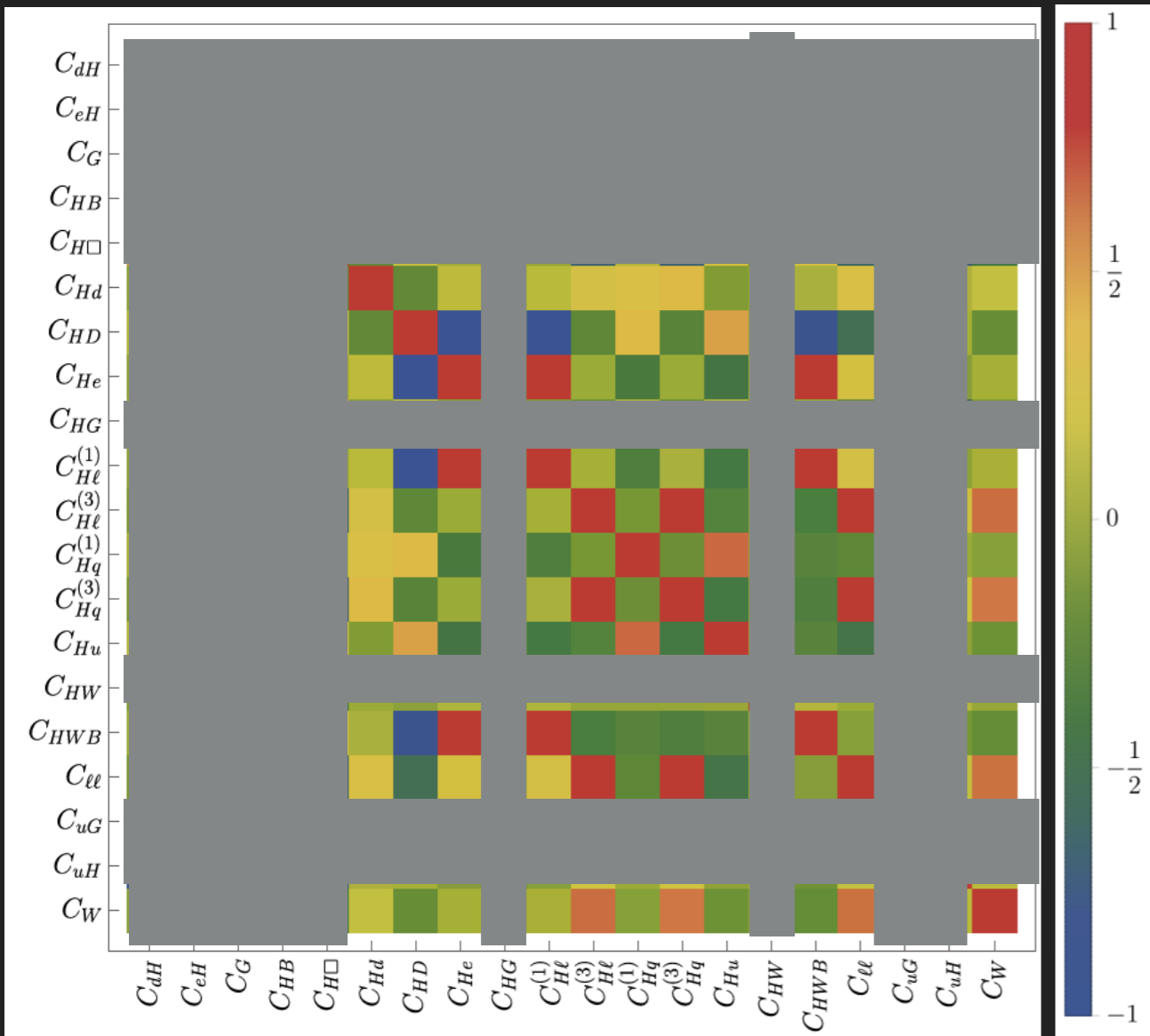
Note:
different
scaling factors

FIT TO ALL OPERATORS SIMULTANEOUSLY



Note:
different
scaling factors

CORRELATION MATRIX



SIMPLE EXTENSIONS OF THE SM

Name	Spin	$SU(3)$	$SU(2)$	$U(1)$	Name	Spin	$SU(3)$	$SU(2)$	$U(1)$
\mathcal{S}	0	1	1	0	Δ_1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	2	$-\frac{1}{2}$
\mathcal{S}_1	0	1	1	1	Δ_3	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	2	$-\frac{1}{2}$
φ	0	1	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	Σ	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	3	0
Ξ	0	1	3	0	Σ_1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	3	-1
Ξ_1	0	1	3	1	U	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	1	$\frac{2}{3}$
\mathcal{B}	1	1	1	0	D	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	1	$-\frac{1}{3}$
\mathcal{B}_1	1	1	1	1	Q_1	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	2	$\frac{1}{6}$
\mathcal{W}	1	1	3	0	Q_5	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	2	$-\frac{5}{6}$
\mathcal{W}_1	1	1	3	1	Q_7	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	2	$\frac{7}{6}$
N	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	1	0	T_1	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	3	$-\frac{1}{3}$
E	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	1	-1	T_2	$\frac{1}{2}$	3	3	$\frac{2}{3}$

NUMERICAL CONSTRAINTS ON EXTENSIONS

Model	χ^2	χ^2/n_d	Coupling	Mass / TeV
SM	157	0.987	-	-
\mathcal{S}_1	156	0.986	$ y_{\mathcal{S}_1} ^2 = (6.3 \pm 5.9) \cdot 10^{-3}$	$M_{\mathcal{S}_1} = (9.0, 49)$
φ , Type I	156	0.986	$Z_6 \cdot \cos \beta = -0.64 \pm 0.59$	$M_\varphi = (0.9, 4.3)$
Ξ	155	0.984	$ \kappa_\Xi ^2 = (4.2 \pm 3.4) \cdot 10^{-3}$	$M_\Xi = (12, 35)$
N	155	0.978	$ \lambda_N ^2 = (1.8 \pm 1.2) \cdot 10^{-2}$	$M_N = (5.8, 13)$
\mathcal{W}_1	155	0.984	$ \hat{g}_{\mathcal{W}_1}^\phi ^2 = (3.3 \pm 2.7) \cdot 10^{-3}$	$M_{\mathcal{W}_1} = (4.1, 13)$
E	157	0.993	$ \lambda_E ^2 < 1.2 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$M_E > 9.2$
Δ_3	156	0.990	$ \lambda_{\Delta_3} ^2 < 1.9 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$M_{\Delta_3} > 7.3$
Σ	157	0.992	$ \lambda_\Sigma ^2 < 2.9 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$M_\Sigma > 5.9$
Q_5	156	0.990	$ \lambda_{Q_5} ^2 < 0.18$	$M_{Q_5} > 2.4$
T_2	157	0.992	$ \lambda_{T_2} ^2 < 7.1 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$M_{T_2} > 3.8$
\mathcal{S}	157	0.993	$ y_{\mathcal{S}} ^2 < 0.32$	$M_{\mathcal{S}} > 1.8$
Δ_1	157	0.993	$ \lambda_{\Delta_1} ^2 < 5.7 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$M_{\Delta_1} > 13$
Σ_1	157	0.993	$ \lambda_{\Sigma_1} ^2 < 7.3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$M_{\Sigma_1} > 12$
U	157	0.993	$ \lambda_U ^2 < 2.8 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$M_U > 6.0$
D	157	0.993	$ \lambda_D ^2 < 1.4 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$M_D > 8.4$
Q_7	157	0.993	$ \lambda_{Q_7} ^2 < 7.7 \cdot 10^{-2}$	$M_{Q_7} > 3.6$
T_1	157	0.993	$ \lambda_{T_1} ^2 < 0.13$	$M_{T_1} > 3.0$
\mathcal{B}_1	157	0.993	$ \hat{g}_{\mathcal{B}_1}^\phi ^2 < 2.4 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$M_{\mathcal{B}_1} > 21$

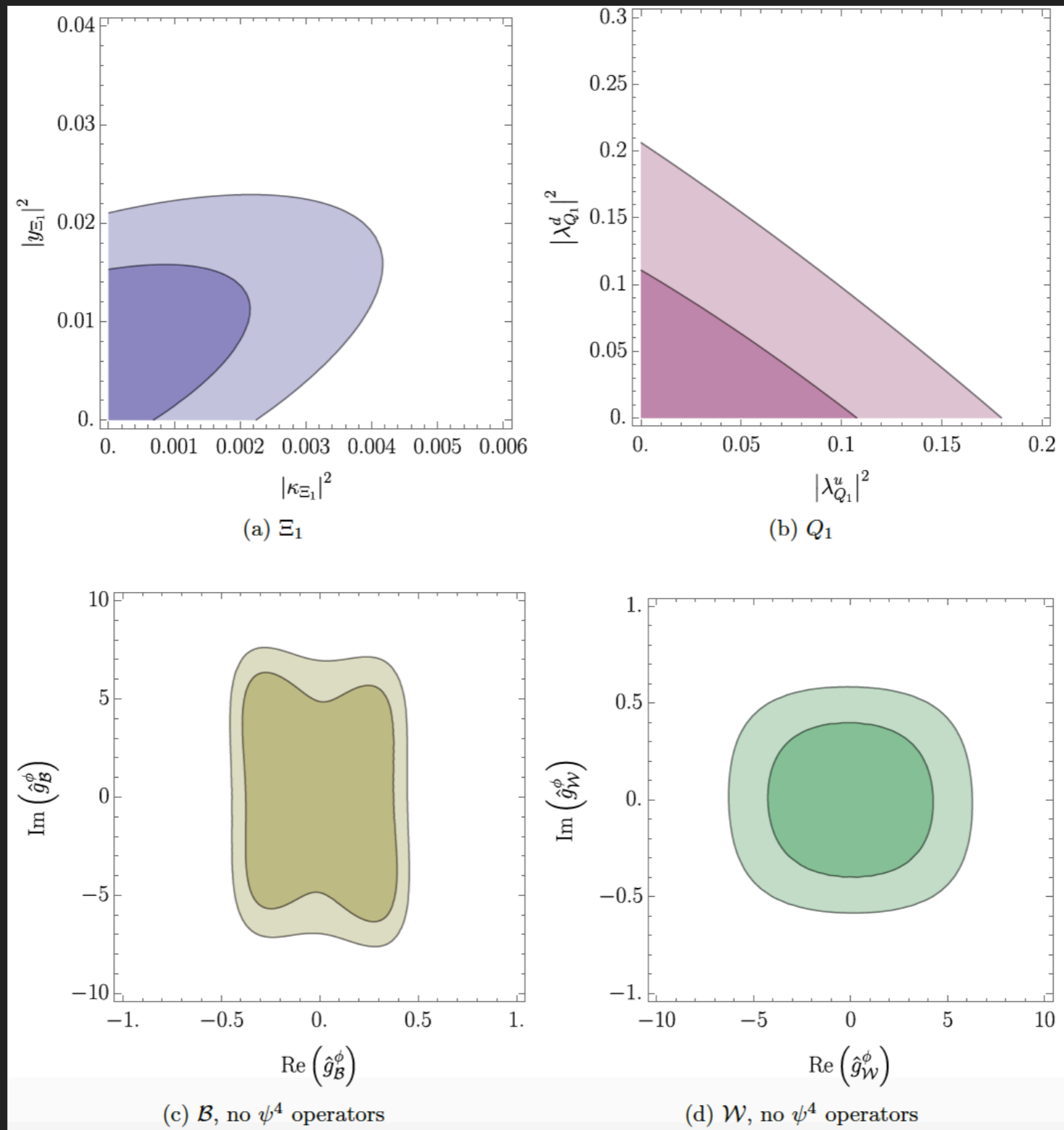
improve χ^2 & χ^2/n_d

only improve χ^2

improve neither

← 2HDM

CONSTRAINTS ON SM EXTENSIONS



NON-RENORMALIZABLE MODELS

- ▶ If UV model has both super-renormalizable and non-renormalizable interactions

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{\Lambda} (ag_2^2 \sigma W^{a\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^a + bg_1^2 \sigma B^{\mu\nu} B_{\mu\nu} + cg_1 g_2 \Sigma^a W_{\mu\nu}^a B^{\mu\nu}) + \Lambda (d H^\dagger H \sigma + f H^\dagger \tau^a H \Sigma_a)$$

- ▶ Low energy EFT can have higher-dimensional operators w/ arbitrary coefficients

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{ad}{m_\sigma^2} g_2^2 H^\dagger H W^{a\mu\nu} W_{\mu\nu}^a + \frac{bd}{m_\sigma^2} g_1^2 H^\dagger H B^{\mu\nu} B_{\mu\nu} + \frac{cf}{m_\Sigma^2} g_1 g_2 H^\dagger \tau^a H W_{\mu\nu}^a B^{\mu\nu}$$

NON-RENORMALIZABLE MODELS

- ▶ Subset of models: explanations of muon $g-2$

$$E^{(5)}: C_{H\ell}^{(1)} = C_{H\ell}^{(3)}, \chi^2 = 157, \chi^2/n_d = 0.999.$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \bar{C}_{eH} \\ \bar{C}_{H\ell}^{(3)} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (-0.8 \pm 8.9) \cdot 10^{-2} \\ (-0.3 \pm 1.5) \cdot 10^{-4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Delta_{1,3}^{(5)}: \chi^2 = 156, \chi^2/n_d = 0.996.$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \bar{C}_{eH} \\ \bar{C}_{He} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (-0.8 \pm 8.9) \cdot 10^{-2} \\ (-2.3 \pm 3.3) \cdot 10^{-4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Sigma_1^{(5)}: C_{H\ell}^{(1)} = -3C_{H\ell}^{(3)}, \chi^2 = 155, \chi^2/n_d = 0.988.$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \bar{C}_{eH} \\ \bar{C}_{H\ell}^{(3)} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} (-0.8 \pm 8.9) \cdot 10^{-2} \\ (-1.2 \pm 0.9) \cdot 10^{-4} \end{pmatrix}$$

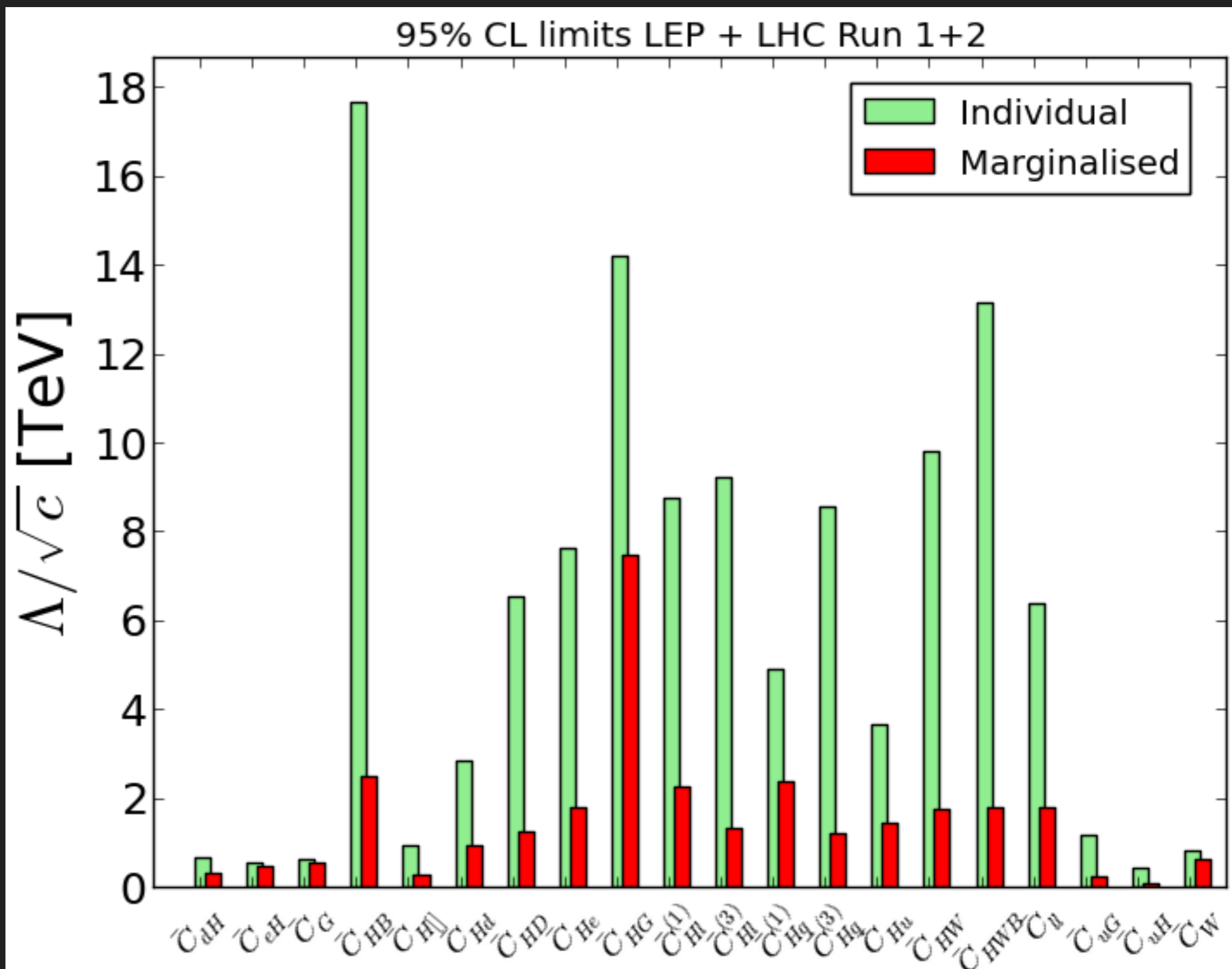
NON-RENORMALIZABLE MODELS

► Heavy scalar singlet

- $\mathcal{S}^{(5)}$: $\chi^2 = 153$, $\chi^2/n_d = 1.00$.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0.54\bar{C}_{H\Box} - 0.05\bar{C}_{HW} + 0.01\bar{C}_{HB} + 0.08\bar{C}_{eH} + 0.84\bar{C}_{uH} + 0.03\bar{C}_{dH} \\ -0.16\bar{C}_{H\Box} + 0.75\bar{C}_{eH} + 0.64\bar{C}_{dH} \\ 0.50\bar{C}_{H\Box} - 0.04\bar{C}_{HW} + 0.01\bar{C}_{HB} + 0.57\bar{C}_{eH} - 0.36\bar{C}_{uH} - 0.54\bar{C}_{dH} \\ 0.65\bar{C}_{H\Box} - 0.06\bar{C}_{HW} + 0.02\bar{C}_{HB} - 0.32\bar{C}_{eH} - 0.42\bar{C}_{uH} + 0.54\bar{C}_{dH} \\ 0.09\bar{C}_{H\Box} + 0.95\bar{C}_{HW} - 0.29\bar{C}_{HB} \\ 0.91\bar{C}_{HG} + 0.12\bar{C}_{HW} + 0.39\bar{C}_{HB} \\ -0.39\bar{C}_{HG} + 0.27\bar{C}_{HW} + 0.88\bar{C}_{HB} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -0.03 \pm 0.18 \\ 0.11 \pm 0.11 \\ (-4.1 \pm 7.9) \cdot 10^{-2} \\ (8.0 \pm 6.0) \cdot 10^{-2} \\ (1.8 \pm 9.6) \cdot 10^{-3} \\ (1.7 \pm 1.4) \cdot 10^{-4} \\ (2.0 \pm 8.4) \cdot 10^{-5} \end{pmatrix}$$

SUMMARY



SUMMARY

- ▶ SMEFT: model-independent way to search for heavy, new physics
- ▶ This work is the first combined global analysis within the SMEFT of electroweak, diboson, and Higgs data
- ▶ Higgs measurements currently compete w/ EWPD

EFT DETAILS

- ▶ *tth* production probes many coefficients not otherwise constrained by our dataset

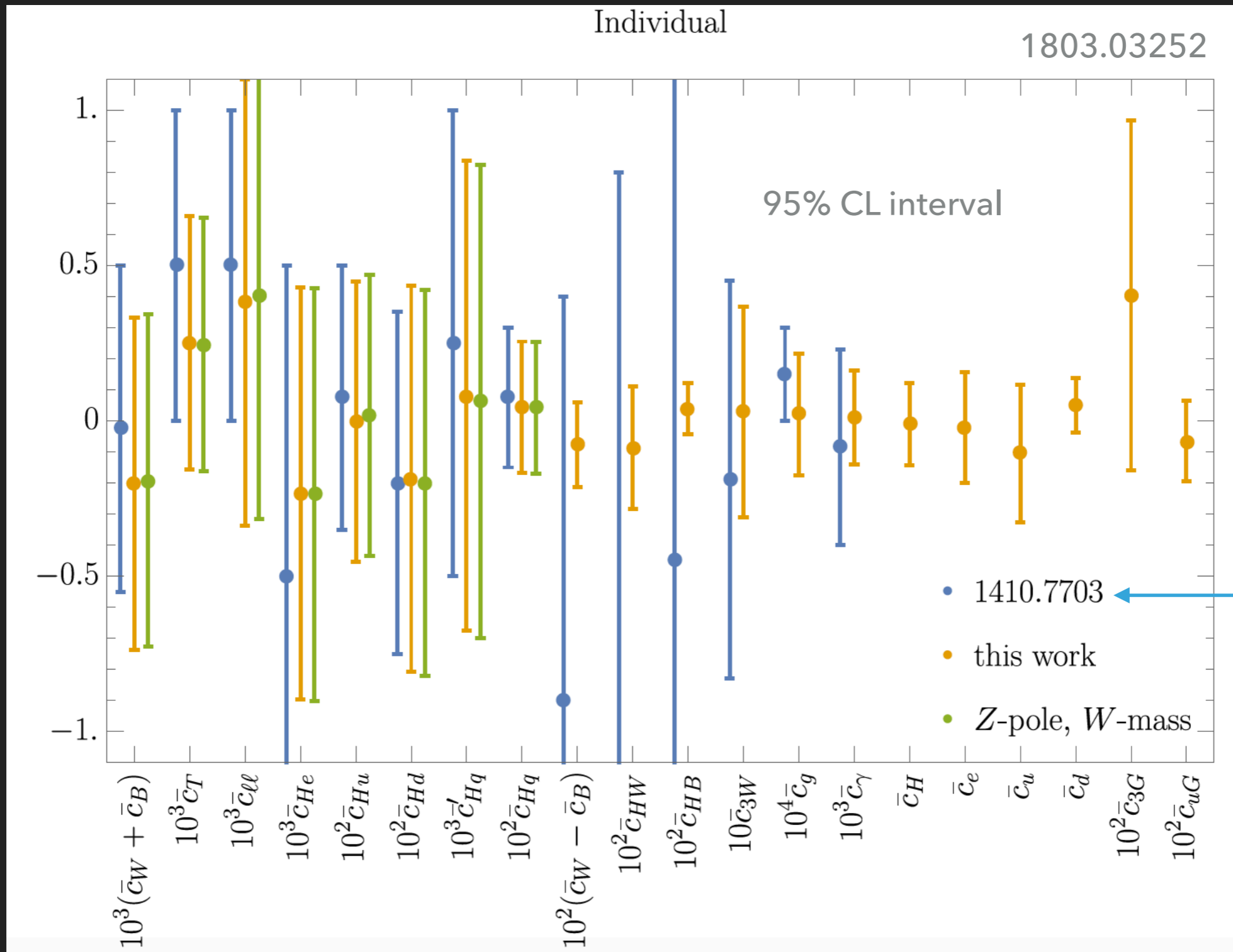
$$C_{uG} \rightarrow C_{uG} + 0.006C_{uW} + 0.002C_{uB} - 0.13C_{qu}^{(8)} + \text{additional } \psi^4 \text{ operators}$$

- ▶ Include only C_{uG} as it has the largest contribution
- ▶ Alternatively...
 - ▶ one could regularize the fit as in 1710.02008
 - ▶ add in top-quark measurements

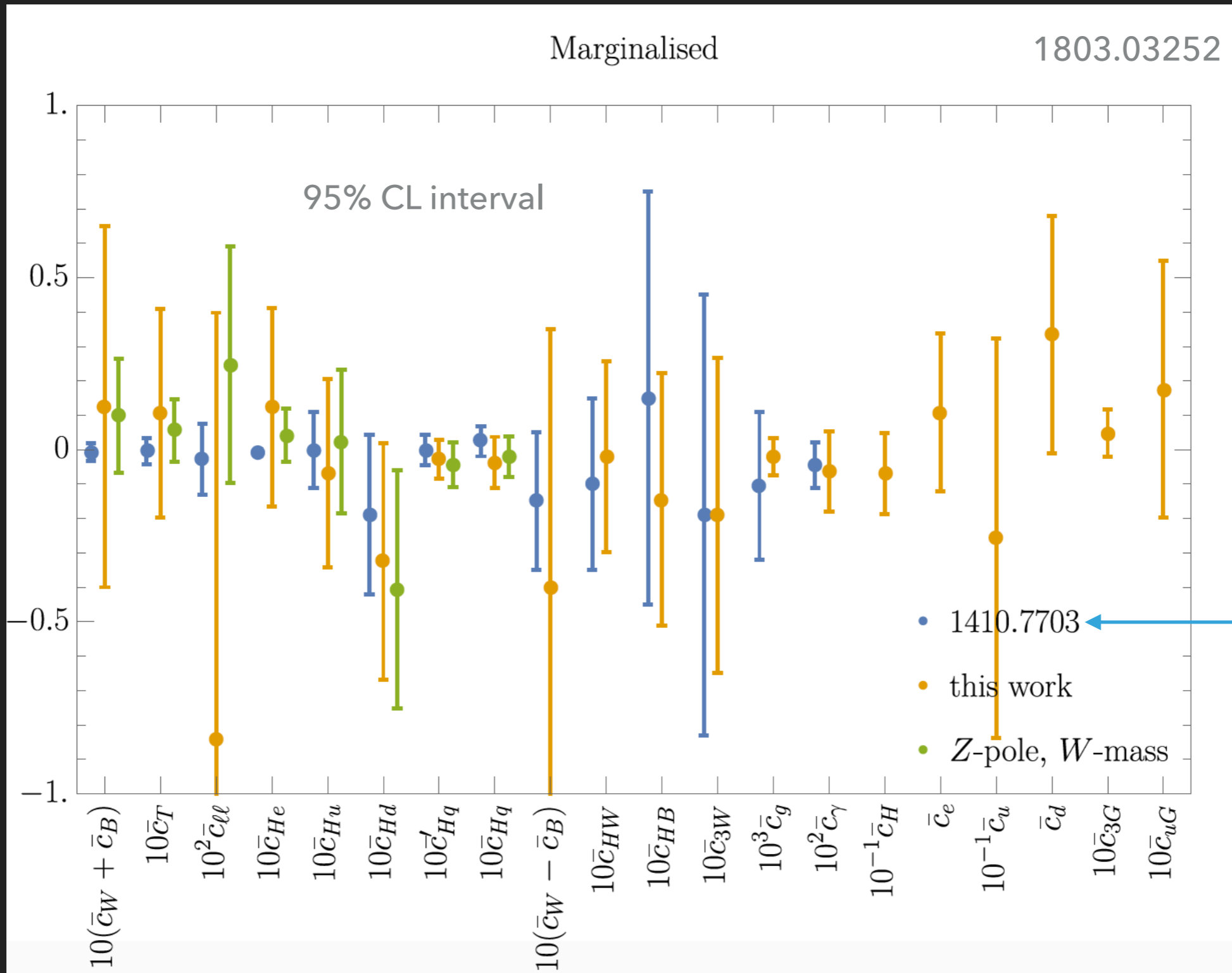
SILH BASIS

$$\begin{aligned}
\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}}^{\text{SILH}} \supset & \frac{\bar{c}_W}{m_W^2} \frac{ig}{2} \left(H^\dagger \sigma^a \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu H \right) D^\nu W_{\mu\nu}^a + \frac{\bar{c}_B}{m_W^2} \frac{ig'}{2} \left(H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu H \right) \partial^\nu B_{\mu\nu} + \frac{\bar{c}_T}{v^2} \frac{1}{2} \left(H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H \right)^2 \\
& + \frac{\bar{c}_{ll}}{v^2} (\bar{L} \gamma_\mu L) (\bar{L} \gamma^\mu L) + \frac{\bar{c}_{He}}{v^2} (i H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{e}_R \gamma^\mu e_R) + \frac{\bar{c}_{Hu}}{v^2} (i H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu u_R) \\
& + \frac{\bar{c}_{Hd}}{v^2} (i H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{d}_R \gamma^\mu d_R) + \frac{\bar{c}'_{Hq}}{v^2} (i H^\dagger \sigma^a \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{Q}_L \sigma^a \gamma^\mu Q_L) \\
& + \frac{\bar{c}_{Hq}}{v^2} (i H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H) (\bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu Q_L) + \frac{\bar{c}_{HW}}{m_W^2} ig (D^\mu H)^\dagger \sigma^a (D^\nu H) W_{\mu\nu}^a + \frac{\bar{c}_{HB}}{m_W^2} ig' (D^\mu H)^\dagger (D^\nu H) B_{\mu\nu} \\
& + \frac{\bar{c}_{3W}}{m_W^2} g^3 \epsilon_{abc} W_\mu^{a\nu} W_{\nu\rho}^b W^{c\rho\mu} + \frac{\bar{c}_g}{m_W^2} g_s^2 |H|^2 G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu} + \frac{\bar{c}_\gamma}{m_W^2} g'^2 |H|^2 B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} \\
& + \frac{\bar{c}_H}{v^2} \frac{1}{2} (\partial^\mu |H|^2)^2 + \sum_{f=e,u,d} \frac{\bar{c}_f}{v^2} y_f |H|^2 \bar{F}_L H^{(c)} f_R \\
& + \frac{\bar{c}_{3G}}{m_W^2} g_s^3 f_{ABC} G_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\rho} G_\rho^{C\mu} + \frac{\bar{c}_{uG}}{m_W^2} g_s y_u \bar{Q}_L H^{(c)} \sigma^{\mu\nu} \lambda_A u_R G_{\mu\nu}^A. \tag{6}
\end{aligned}$$

GLOBAL FITS IN THE SILH BASIS



GLOBAL FITS IN THE SILH BASIS



previous work by JE, VS, TY

PROJECTIONS FOR HL- AND HE-LHC

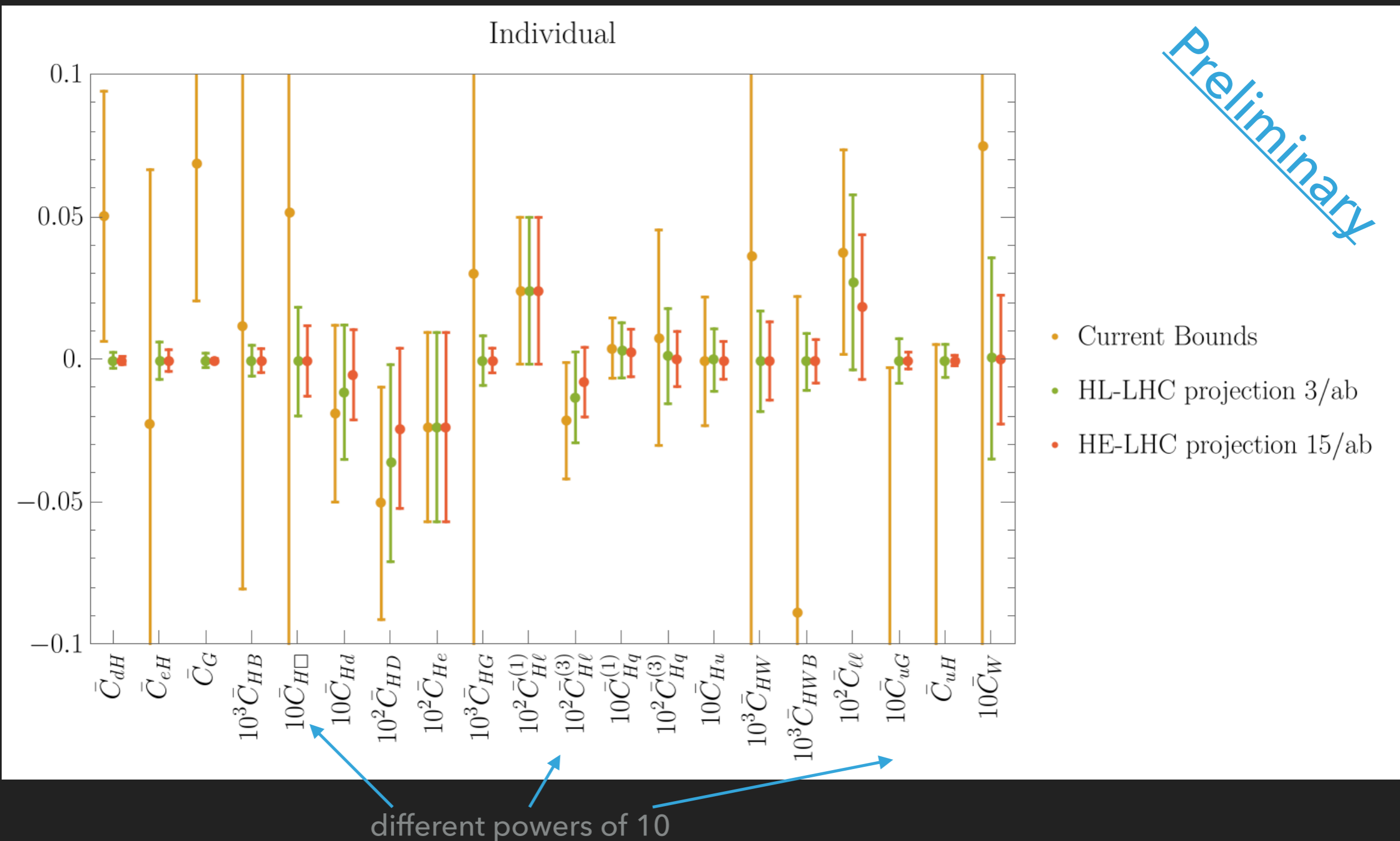
- ▶ Study ongoing looking at LHC 13/14 TeV vs. 27 TeV
 - ▶ <https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/LHCPhysics/HLHELHCWorkshop>
- ▶ “It’s difficult to make predictions, especially about the future” - Yogi Berra

PROJECTION STRATEGY

- ▶ For each LHC Run-2 measurement used in the fit of 1803.03252
- ▶ Set central value to SM prediction
- ▶ Scale all uncertainties for the i th measurement by...
 - ▶ HL-LHC: $\sqrt{\frac{L_i}{3/\text{ab}}}$
 - ▶ HE-LHC: $\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{13,i}}{\sigma_{27,i}} \frac{L_i}{15/\text{ab}}}$

← most measurements currently have $L_i \sim 36/\text{fb}$
- ▶ Leave correlations unchanged

PROJECTION: ONE COEFFICIENT AT A TIME



PROJECTION: ALL COEFFICIENTS SIMULTANEOUSLY

