

# Nuclear-Matter Equation of State from Chiral Effective Field Theory

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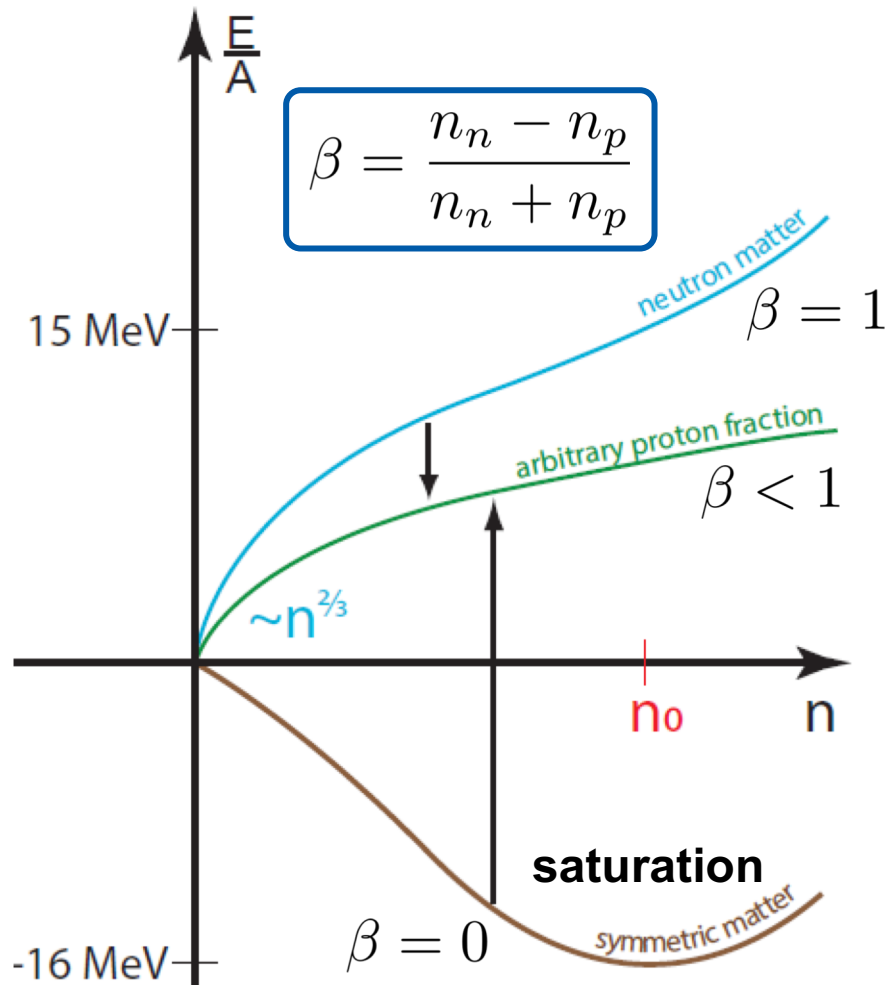


U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

[Credit: ORNL]

# Nuclear-Matter Equation of State from Chiral Effective Field Theory

Homogeneous nuclear matter



- theoretical **testbed** for benchmarking nuclear forces
- saturation point ( $n_0, a_v$ )
- incompressibility ( $K$ )
- symmetry energy ( $S_v$ ) and its slope ( $L$ ) at saturation density
- **many-body perturbation theory**, but also in QMC, CC, SCGF, ...

for a recent review see:  
Hebeler *et al.*, *Annu. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci.* **65**, 457

**Bethe–Weizsäcker formula**

$$\frac{E}{A}(\beta, n) = \frac{E}{A}(\beta = 0, n) + \beta^2 E_{\text{sym}}(n)$$

# Nuclear-Matter Equation of State from Chiral Effective Field Theory

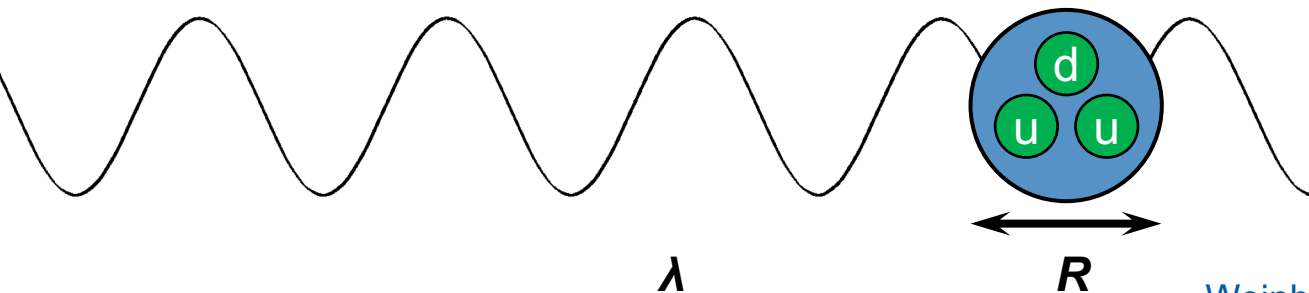
Chiral effective field theory

Nuclear matter interacts via the **strong interaction**  
(disregard Coulomb)

- QCD is non-perturbative at low energies of interest
- **modern approach: chiral EFT**
  - relevant degrees of freedom instead of quarks/gluons
  - use **nucleons** and **pions**



Steven Weinberg



Weinberg, Phys. Lett. B **251**, 288 (1990)

Weinberg, Nucl. Phys. B **363**, 3 (1991)

Weinberg, Phys. Lett. B **295**, 114 (1992)

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Chiral effective field theory

**Nuclear matter interacts via the strong interaction**  
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- **modern approach: chiral EFT**
  - relevant degrees of freedom instead of quarks/gluons
  - use **nucleons** and **pions**
  - pion exchanges and short-range contact interactions
  - systematic expansion of nuclear forces:

$$Q = \max \left( \frac{p}{\Lambda_b}, \frac{m_\pi}{\Lambda_b} \right) \sim \frac{1}{3}$$



Steven Weinberg

Weinberg, Phys. Lett. B **251**, 288 (1990)

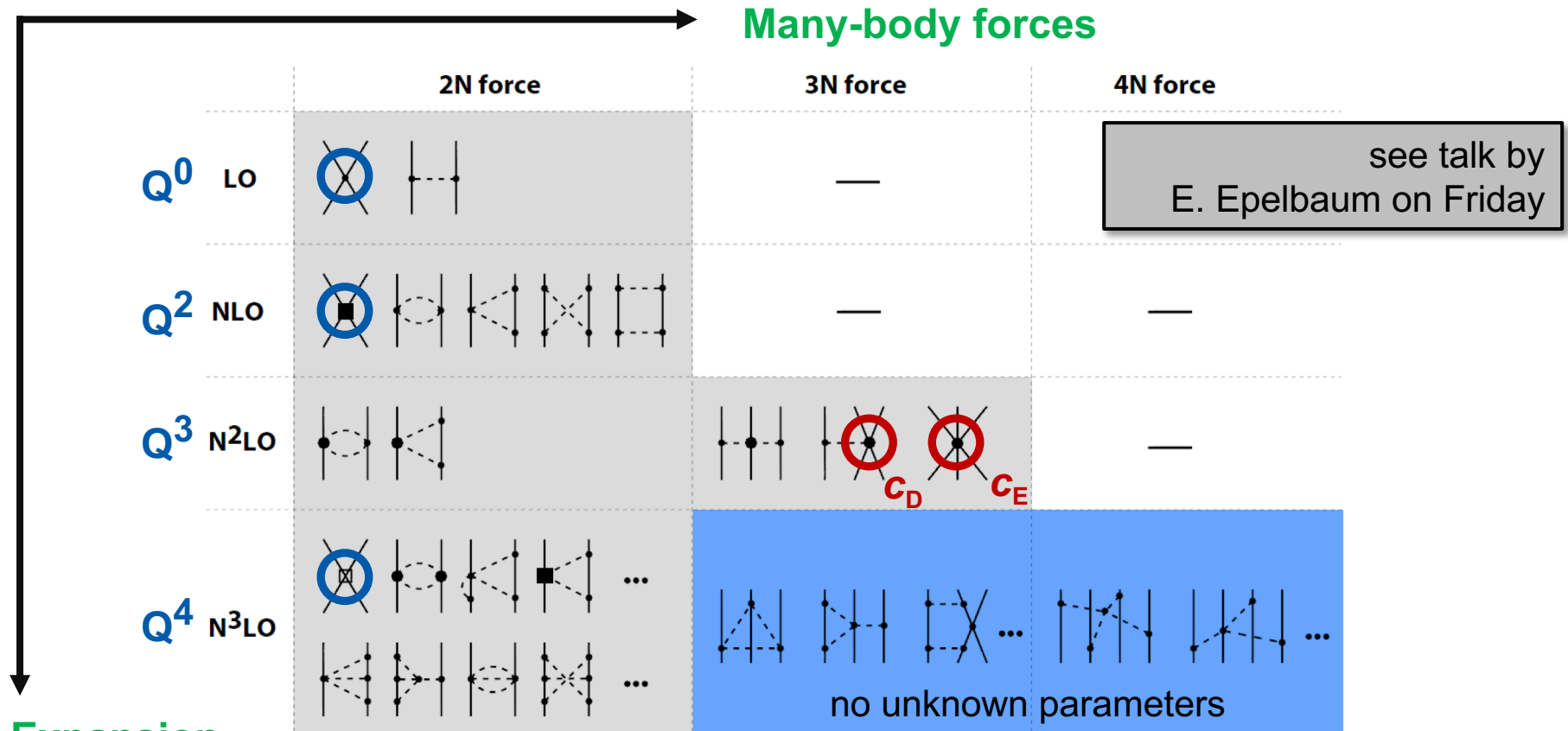
Weinberg, Nucl. Phys. B **363**, 3 (1991)

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# Nuclear-Matter Equation of State from Chiral Effective Field Theory

Hierarchy of nuclear forces in chiral EFT

e.g., Machleidt, Entem, Phys. Rep. 503, 1



... and ongoing work at N<sup>4</sup>LO and even N<sup>5</sup>LO...

Weinberg, van Kolck, Kaplan, Savage, Wise, Epelbaum, Kaiser, Krebs, Machleidt, Meißner, ...

# Nuclear-Matter Equation of State from Chiral Effective Field Theory

Number of diagrams in MBPT

P. D. Stevenson, Int. J. Mod. Phys. C 14, 1135

The number of diagrams increases rapidly!

**1, 3, 39, 840, 27 300, 1 232 280, ...**

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$n =$     2        3        4        5        6        7

**Integer sequence A064732:**

Number of labeled Hugenholtz diagrams with  $n$  nodes.

# Nuclear-Matter Equation of State from Chiral Effective Field Theory

Significant challenges remain!

CD, Hebeler, Schwenk, arXiv:1710.08220



## Higher orders: particle-hole contributions

Coraggio *et al.*, PRC **89**, 044321; Holt, Kaiser, PRC **95**, 034326



## Approximated normal-ordering

Holt *et al.*, PRC **81**, 024002; Hebeler, Schwenk, PRC **82**, 014314



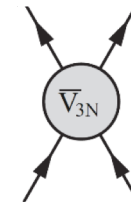
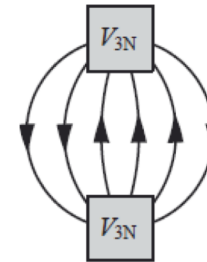
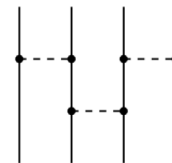
## Neglected residual 3N diagrams

Hagen *et al.*, PRC **89**, 014319; Kaiser, EPJ A **48**, 58

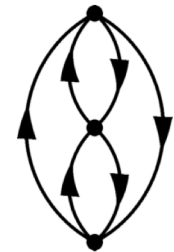
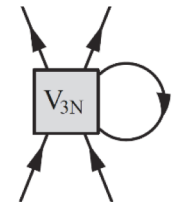


## Higher many-body forces

Hebeler *et al.*, PRC **91**, 044001



=



development of a novel  
**Monte-Carlo** framework

# Nuclear-Matter Equation of State from Chiral Effective Field Theory

Efficient Monte-Carlo framework

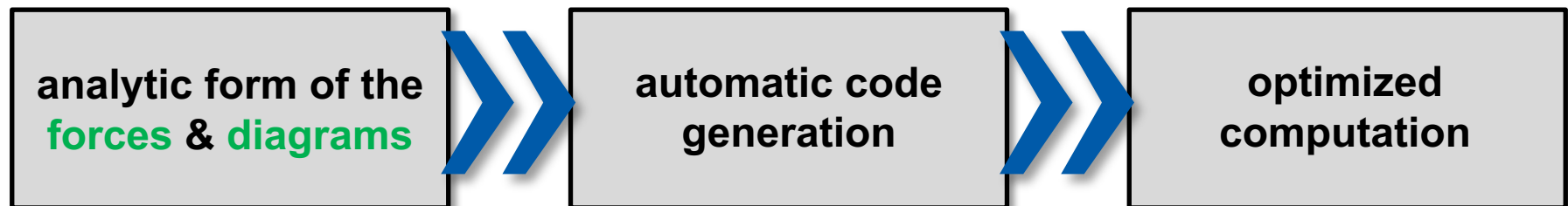
CD, Hebeler, Schwenk, arXiv:1710.08220

**represent interactions** as matrices **in spin-isospin space**

- based on analytic expressions, incl. **NN**, **3N**, and **4N** forces
- **no need for partial-wave decompositions**

**efficient evaluation** of **diagrams** in **MBPT** (single-particle basis)

- **implementing diagrams** has become **straightforward** (also ph)
- spin-isospin traces are fully automated; multidim. momentum integrals
- rapid increase of number of diagrams: 3 (3<sup>rd</sup>), **39 (4<sup>th</sup>)**, 840 (5<sup>th</sup>)

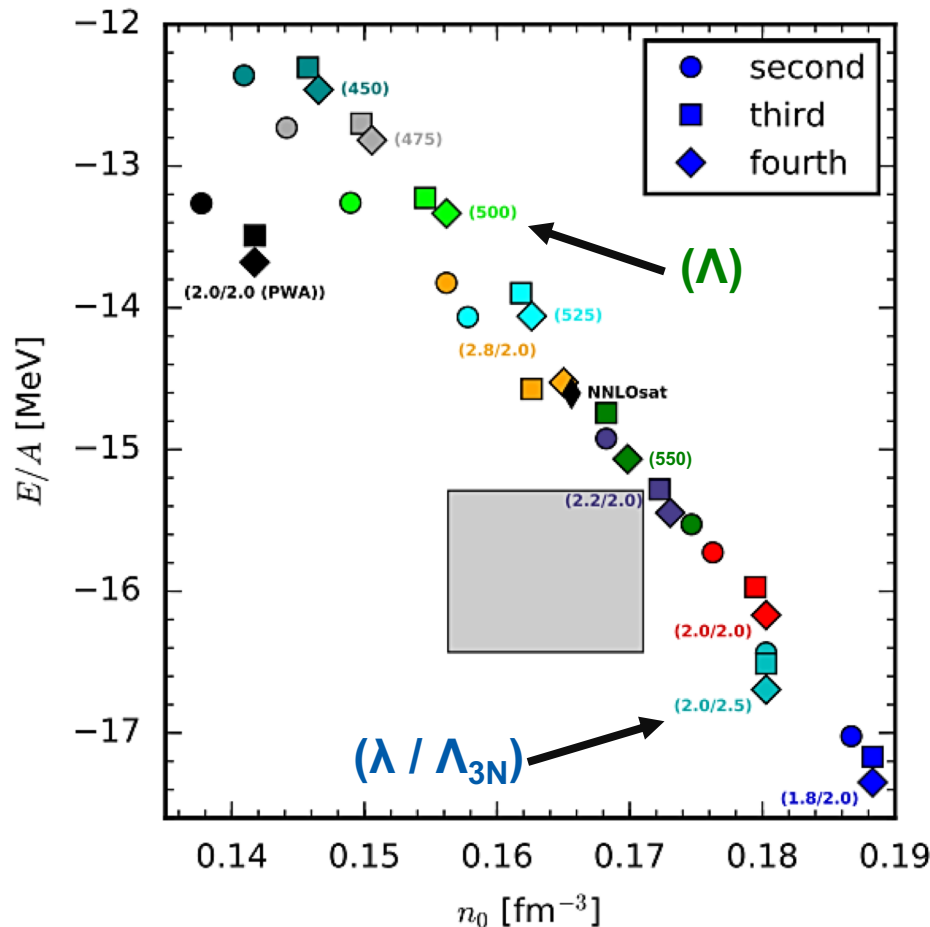




# Nuclear-Matter Equation of State from Chiral Effective Field Theory

## Nuclear saturation

CD, Hebeler, Schwenk, arXiv:1710.08220



### include contributions from up to

- NN (4<sup>th</sup>), NN plus 3N (3<sup>rd</sup>),
- residual 3N–3N term (2<sup>nd</sup>)

### good many-body convergence

Hebeler *et al.*, PRC **83**, 031301

Carlsson *et al.*, PRX **6**, 011019

» interactions are perturbative  
for these densities

### Coester-like linear correlation

Coester *et al.*, PRC **1**, 769

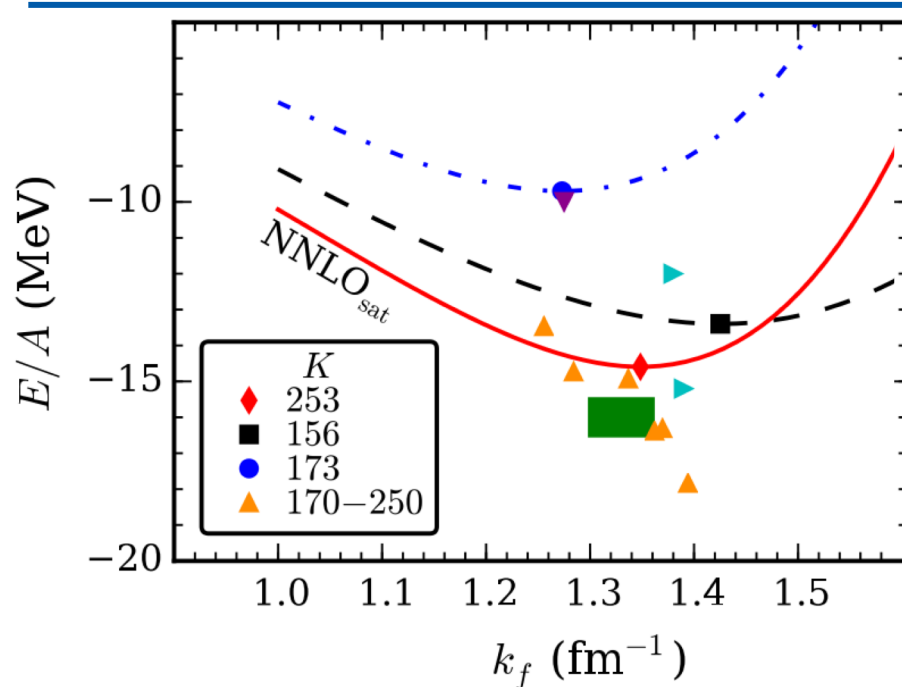
$$E_{\text{sym}} = 31.1 - 32.5 \text{ MeV}$$

$$L = 44.8 - 56.2 \text{ MeV}$$

# Nuclear-Matter Equation of State from Chiral Effective Field Theory

Guiding finite nuclei

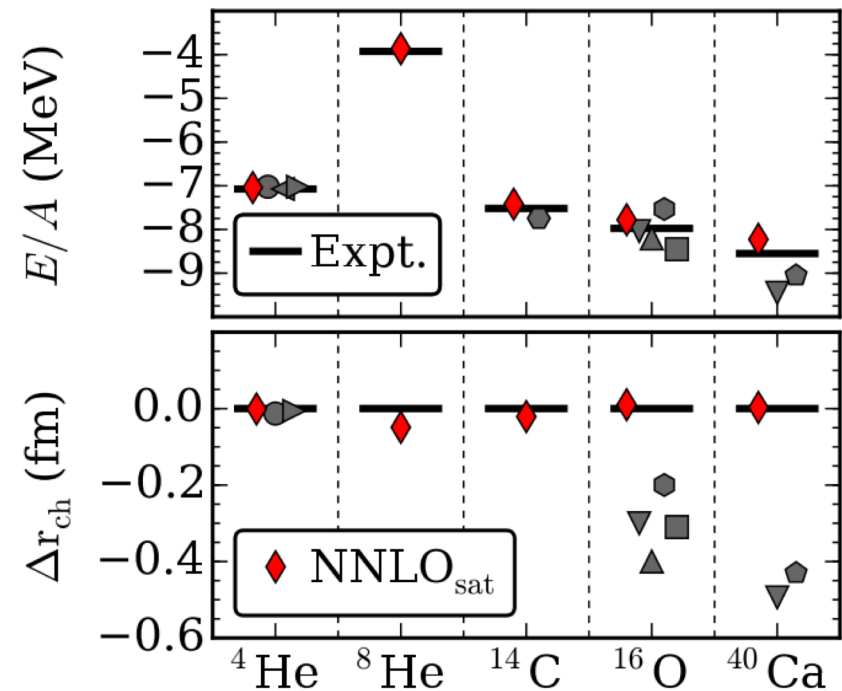
## Infinite Matter



**Ab initio** calculations **overbind** medium-mass and heavy nuclei, **underestimate charge radii**

$$\Delta r_{\text{ch}} = r_{\text{ch}}^{\text{theo}} - r_{\text{ch}}^{\text{exp}}$$

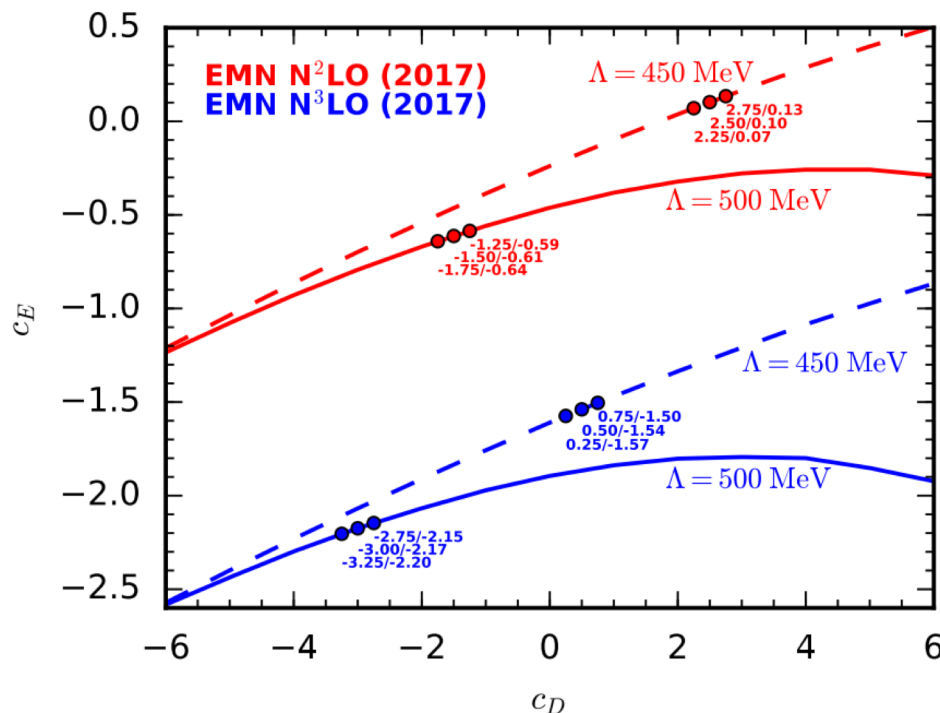
## Finite Nuclei



# Nuclear-Matter Equation of State from Chiral Effective Field Theory

Fits to saturation region

CD, Hebeler, Schwenk, arXiv:1710.08220



## use the Monte-Carlo framework to constrain 3N LECs

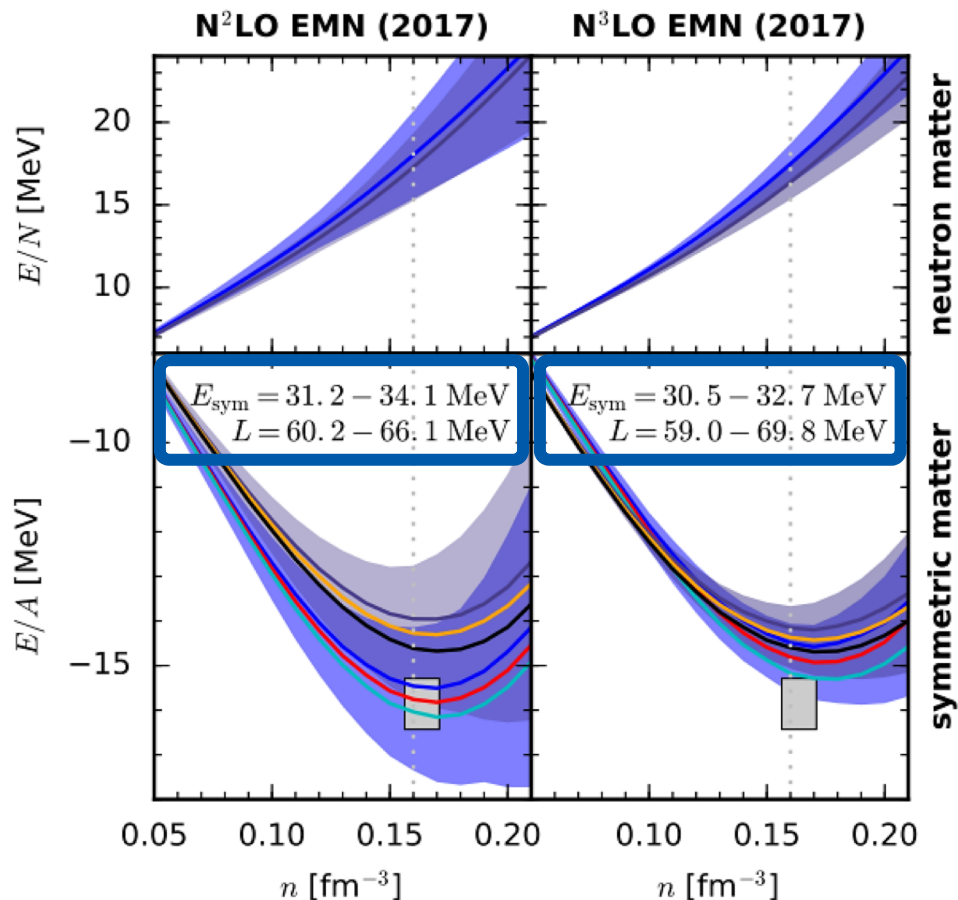
- **$N^2LO$  /  $N^3LO$  EMN potentials** with  $\Lambda = 450$  MeV &  $\Lambda = 500$  MeV  
Entem, Machleidt, Nosyk, PRC **96**, 024004
- **fit to  $^3H$  binding energy:  $c_E(c_D)$  consistently at  $N^2LO$  /  $N^3LO$**
- **study saturation properties:** 3<sup>rd</sup> order contribution important !

reasonable fits to saturation at  $N^2LO$  &  $N^3LO$  identified

# Nuclear-Matter Equation of State from Chiral Effective Field Theory

Fits to saturation region

CD, Hebeler, Schwenk, arXiv:1710.08220



## Neutron and symmetric matter with consistent NN + 3N forces

- 4N HF energy  $\sim 150$  keV @  $n_0$
- **narrow ranges** for  $E_{\text{sym}}$  and  $L$
- uncertainties from chiral EFT

Epelbaum *et al.*, EPJ A **51**, 53

## Symmetric matter @ N<sup>3</sup>LO:

- reduced cutoff dependence
- reduced theo. uncertainties

left column:

$\Lambda/c_D$ [MeV]/[1]	
— 450/2.25	— 500/−1.75
— 450/2.50	— 500/−1.50
— 450/2.75	— 500/−1.25

right column:

$\Lambda/c_D$ [MeV]/[1]	
— 450/0.25	— 500/−3.25
— 450/0.50	— 500/−3.00
— 450/0.75	— 500/−2.75

# Nuclear-Matter Equation of State from Chiral Effective Field Theory

## Outlook

- 1** Apply the new Hamiltonians to finite nuclei  
calculations will provide additional insights ...
- 2** Perform calculations in asymmetric matter  
extract astrophysical quantities, mass-radius relations, ...
- 3** Extend framework to finite temperatures  
study thermal properties, tabulate equation of state, ...
- 4** Study dilute Fermi gas at fourth order  
with Wellenhofer, Hebeler, Schwenk, in preparation

### Collaborators:

K. Hebeler

K. McElvain

A. Schwenk

C. Wellenhofer

Thank you  
for your attention!



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