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Spectroscopy of Trans-fermium Nuclei Using the Argonne Gas-Filled Analyzer

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Deformed nuclei near the Z=100, N=152 deformed shell gaps are a stringent testing ground for nuclear models which are used to describe the heaviest known nuclei. Nuclei in this region have been studied using inbeam, K-isomer, α -decay and spontaneous fission spectroscopic methods. To extend these studies to odd-A, odd-odd, and to heavier nuclei the Argonne Gas-Filled Analyzer (AGFA) was constructed. During the talk, recent decay and isomer spectroscopy experiments with AGFA in stand-alone mode and in-beam spectroscopy experiments with AGFA coupled to the Gammasphere γ -ray detector array will be reviewed. Among others, the observation of the ground-state rotational band in the fissile nucleus 254 Rf and the discovery of the new isotope 251 Lr will be discussed. The moment of inertia deduced for 254 Rf shades light on the shape evolution in this region while the observed α -decay fine structure in 251 Lr provides information on single-proton orbitals near the Fermi surface. Plans for experimental program with AGFA will be also presented.

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