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## The low-lying structure of <sup>211</sup>At

Lifetimes of low-energy states in <sup>211</sup>At have been measured using the recoil-distance Doppler shift, Dopplershift attenuation, and fast-timing methods at the University of Cologne. The obtained reduced transition probabilities have been compared to two shell-model calculations, a large-scale shell-model calculation using the Kuo-Herling residual interaction and a calculation using a single-j approximation for protons in the  $0h_{9/2}$  orbital. The large-scale calculations, which account only for single particle-hole excitations, significantly overestimate some of the ground-state transition probabilities, especially the  $B(E2; 13/2^-_1 \to 9/2^-_1)$ value. This discrepancy has been attributed to the presence of higher-order particle-hole excitations in the wave function of the ground state, which are not accounted for by the Kuo-Herling intaraction. The effects of those excitations on the transition rates, however, are weaker in <sup>211</sup>At than they are in <sup>210</sup>Po. A modification to the  $(h_{9/2},h_{9/2}|\hat{V}|h_{9/2},f_{7/2})_{J=2}$  two-body matrix element has been introduced which leads to a consideration erably better description of the structure of <sup>210</sup>Po and <sup>211</sup>At. However, the origin of this effect needs to be further investigated. The newly obtained reduced transition probabilities are described very well by a single-j calculation. This, together with the fact that the energy spectrum of <sup>211</sup>At is also well described, indicates that seniority can be regarded as a good quantum number in <sup>211</sup>At. It would be of interest to continue the same study along heavier N=126 isotones, where information on most E2 transitions in even-even and odd-even nuclei is still missing.

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